# BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

# K-12 STUDENT FRAMEWORK FOR CITIZENSHIP

#### INTRODUCTION

#### **BASD Mission:**

The Bethlehem Area School District, in partnership with the home and community, is committed to providing a safe and supportive environment in which each student will attain the knowledge, skills, and attitudes necessary to become a productive citizen and lifelong learner in our technologically demanding and culturally diverse society.

#### Office of Student Services & Minority Affairs (OSSMA) Mission:

In alignment with the Bethlehem Area School District's Roadmap to Educational Excellence, the Office of Student Services and Minority Affairs (OSSMA) partners with schools, families, and the community to support all students through their educational journey. Through various supports and services, the OSSMA works collaboratively with all stakeholders to give students the behavioral and academic services they need for success.

#### **BASD Philosophy of Leadership and Character Development:**

The Bethlehem Area School District (BASD) believes that all children have a desire to learn and grow. It is the responsibility of the BASD to foster that desire by providing a well rounded K-12 experience through positive learning opportunities that are not limited to academics, but also opportunities to grow in leadership and character. We expect that all schools will be environments that are conducive to that growth through physical, emotional, intellectual, and social experiences that directly impact their ability to become positive citizens in our communities.

Students will learn best by observing positive role models employed by our District, but more importantly by their own ability to model appropriate behaviors to build good leadership skills and character. Because the BASD believes in personalization for equitable outcomes in building the whole child, students and families can expect that their child will be given the tools they need to accomplish this task of leadership and character development as well.

Because leadership and character development are a process that can be modeled and learned, we believe in using tiered responses, strategies, and interventions to support our students and foster positive behaviors through a leadership and restorative model. Students will not only learn that they are all leaders, but also that when leaders make a mistake, they own up to their mistakes, make amends, and restore relationships broken by their misbehaviors. This development will be done through Leader In Me, Restorative Practices, and Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports.

Appropriate responses to misconduct are expected and students should have clear understanding of these expectations. School consequences will be administered in a way that takes into consideration student needs in the same way academic programming takes into consideration their academic levels.

#### **OUR FRAMEWORK FOR CITIZENSHIP**

Our Framework for Citizenship: Building a safe, caring and respectful learning community is based upon four components-Universal Values, Excellence, Global Understanding, and Community Service. Together these four guiding principles promote the education of the whole child using an integrated approach. Our goal is to teach children that they must demonstrate certain behaviors, success skills, on a regular and ongoing basis and that traditional values need to be learned and become an integrated part of their daily lives.

#### UNIVERSAL VALUES

Classroom experiences in the Bethlehem Area School District will emphasize learning character development and universal values. The first component, *Universal Values*, provides the foundation of this school district's direction.

• Courage: mental or moral strength

Empathy: understanding by putting oneself in another's place
 Friendship: mutual liking or attachment between friends.

Honesty: speaking or seeking truth; sincerity.

Integrity: incorruptibility; honor

• Kindness: being friendly or nice to others

Loyalty: consistent devotion or allegiance; faithfulness
 Patience: endurance of hardship or trouble without complaint

• Patriotism: love for or devotion to one's country

• Persistence: continuing firmly and steadily in spite of opposition.

• Respect for Others and Self holding in high regard; esteem

• Responsibility: moral, legal or mental accountability

Self-Discipline: training that molds the moral character of oneself.
 Tolerance: acceptance of beliefs differing from one's own.

• Trust: reliance or faith

• Work Ethic: effort applied to produce a desired effect or result

#### EXCELLENCE

The second component, *Excellence*, *is* a natural consequence of a student's character development and of the universal values focus. Aiming for their very best becomes not an external push, but an internal desire of students. Students learn that they can make a positive contribution to their community and society by developing excellence in all things. An emphasis on the joy of learning creates a thirst for knowledge that brings lasting results in academic pursuits.

#### **GLOBAL UNDERSTANDING**

The third component, *Global Understanding*, is built on the first two. Students are helped to develop respect and appreciation for all peoples and beliefs. They learn to value the range of cultures, races, and individual characteristics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Philosophy of Education, No. 101, p. 1, School Board Policy Manual. 1983,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Bennett, William. The Book of Virtues, introduction.

#### **COMMUNITY SERVICE**

The last component, *Community Service*, encourages the students to become actively involved in activities of their choice which make the world a better place.<sup>3</sup> In addition to the formal curriculum, students learn from a hidden curriculum—all the personal and social instruction that they acquire from their day-to-day schooling. Many of education's most profound and positive teachings are conveyed in that *hidden curriculum*. The everyday behavior of the staff and students cannot fail to have an impact on a student.

#### Success Skills Based on Universal Values:

As research has progressed in the area of value systems, the following social-emotional learning, which will be referred to as Success Skills (Hoerr, T., 2017), incorporate the Universal Values narrowed into 5 areas: Empathy, Self-Control, Integrity, Embracing Diversity, and Grit. Because students spend a considerable amount of time in school, we must support students in their journey to become productive citizens in society by teaching and modeling the 5 Success Skills.

Building on BASD's commitment to equity and the building of strong character and leadership in our students, Leader In Me and Restorative Practices, along with Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports (PBIS) will be used as a basis for teaching and modeling the expected behaviors in all students. Our goal is to provide a safe educational and social environment by improving the culture and climate of our schools through these methods and philosophies.

#### **LEADER IN ME:**

The Leader In Me is based off of FranklinCovey's 7 Habits of Highly Effective People. It is a transformation model through whole school change. The 7 Habits teaches universal principles such as "...responsibility, vision, integrity, teamwork, collaboration and renewal, which are secular in nature and common to all people and cultures." They also teach the expected academic skills of critical thinking, goal setting, listening and speaking, self-directed learning, presentation-making and the ability to work in groups."

The following 7 Habits will be taught to all elementary students and will begin to move up through our middle schools:

Habit 1 - Be Proactive: Teaches students that they choose and are responsible for their actions

Habit 2 - Begin with the End in Mind: Teaches students that they must plan and set their own goals and that everything they do has meaning, which is critical to the success of their classroom and school

Habit 3 - Put First Things First: Teaches students that they need to set priorities and their education is a priority. School first, then play

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Ideas adapted from A *Bold Experiment in Teaching Values by C. Cottom: Educational Leadership International*, May, 1996.

Habit 4 - Think Win-Win: Teaches students to balance their wants and needs with those of others, and when there are conflicts to seek another alternative

Habit 5 - Seek First to Understand, Then to be Understood: Teaches students to listen and try to understand the viewpoints of others, and they can then voice their viewpoints

Habit 6 - Synergize: Teaches students to value the strengths of other people, seek their ideas, to work well in groups, because better solutions are created when working together

Habit 7 - Sharpen the Saw: Teaches students that taking care of self is important through eating well, exercising, getting sleep, spending time with family and friends, and helping others

The BASD will use the Leader In Me philosophy to build and develop leadership skills by creating a common language among school staff, students, and parents that will help build and develop leadership skills in our students. Through this concept students will gain the necessary skills expected of the post-secondary (business and colleges/universities) world.

#### RESTORATIVE PRACTICES/RESTORATIVE JUSTICE:

Restorative Practices are processes that proactively create a sense of, and commitment to community in order to prevent and address conflict and wrongdoing as follows:

- Involve and empower the affected community; however, participation is always voluntary.
- Challenge the mindsets of all involved to examine their roles, attitudes, beliefs and behaviors specifically around wrongdoing.
- Utilize techniques to proactively build community, such as recognizing and celebrating desirable community actions and behaviors, and establishing community expectations.

Restorative Justice strategies challenge members of a school community to:

- Focus on the harms of wrongdoing more than on the rule or law that was broken.
- Encourage collaboration and reintegration, rather than punishment and isolation.
- Involve individuals who have harmed others in the decision making around consequences.
- Anticipate and address situations that may challenge a school community, such as physical conflict or re-entry of members into the community who have been apart for disciplinary reasons.

2016 Student Code of Conduct in Montgomery County Public Schools

Five practical applications of Restorative Practices (RP) that will be used

1. Social Discipline Window: Moving away from only punitive or permissive responses to negative behavior, the social discipline window illustrates the various responses to wrongdoing. RP suggests that working WITH students and families provides more successful outcomes when responding to negative behavior and wrongdoing.

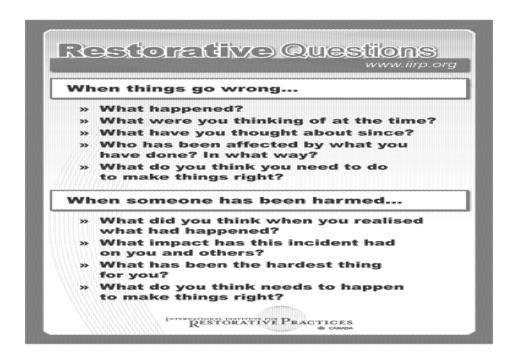
Although there will be some instances where a more direct TO approach is necessary (for example, responding to dangerous situations, such as fire, police activity (lockdowns) etc.), the BASD will aim for a WITH approach.



2. Affective Statements/Questions - Affective statements communicate how people feel. Affective questions require the reflection on how one's behavior affected others. Students are taught how to make affective statements and to ask affective/restorative questions.

We understand that conflicts and disagreements will occur; however, they do serve as opportunities to teach and model how to appropriately respond.

Below are the restorative questions that are used when dealing with conflict.



- 3. Fair Process The concept of Fair Process has had productive and effective outcomes in business organizations. The idea is that when those in charge (Administration, teachers, etc.) work and do things WITH others (including others in the process of decision making), all parties involved are more accepting of the results, because they feel it was inclusive and fair. The three principles of Fair Process are:
  - Engagement involving individuals in decisions that affect them by listening to their views and genuinely taking their opinions into account
  - Explanation explaining the reasoning behind a decision to everyone who has been involved or who is affected by it
  - Expectation Clarity making sure that everyone clearly understands a decision and what is expected of them in the future (Kim & Mauborgne, 2003)

As explained with the Social Discipline Window, there will be times where the adult in charge will need to make unilateral decisions without Fair Process, and students and families must respect that decision. However, the intention is that all members of the community have their thoughts and opinions heard and input respected and utilized when appropriate.

- 4. Circles Circles are used to build community and foster relationships among those participating. They are used for conflict resolution, decision making (together with Fair Process), relationship building, academic content check ins/check outs, and in many other ways. It is an opportunity for all participants to share equally and without the typical hierarchy of classroom desks and rows with the teacher standing at the head.
- 5. Restorative Conference This is a structured meeting, held in a Circle, between the offender(s) and the victim(s) along with family and friends. The offense that occurred is dealt with during the conference. The idea is that all parties learn how the actions of the offender(s) impacted all those in the conference. It allows the victim(s) the opportunity to be supported when confronting the offender(s) and the offender(s) to understand their actions had a greater impact that just the victim(s).

In many cases, the offender and victim is not always clear. This style of conferencing still allows for the opportunity to discuss the issue while offering the opportunity for all parties to partake in the solution.

#### POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS AND SUPPORTS (PBIS):

PBIS is school wide approach through the teaching of behavioral expectations to students as we would teach any core curriculum. It is used in our schools in various ways. PBIS works together with Leader In Me and Restorative Practices, not in contrast, as the goal of all the programs is to help students learn and understand the behaviors that are not only expected in our schools, but also in our society.

Specific behaviors are targeted and taught to students while being modeled by the adults. When the expected behaviors are not met, RP and/or LIM are used as a means to address the concern. Both negative and positive behaviors are addressed, because we not only want students to refrain from what is viewed as negative behavior, but also to reinforce and praise the positive behaviors that are occurring much more frequently than negative one.

The Bethlehem Area School District's philosophy will always be to support the building of strong citizens for the Bethlehem community. We will continue to expand RP to all schools at the secondary level by providing training and building capacity to support the implementation of its strategies. Every elementary school is at various levels of training in LIM, and we will also work towards expanding it to our middle schools over the next several year. As previously stated, PBIS has been incorporated at various levels of implementation to what works best in their schools. It is our belief, and research demonstrates, that these three frameworks work in conjunction with each other. When used with fidelity, school culture and climate improves and students and faculty thrive both personally and academically.

#### STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES (Pennsylvania School Code)

- 1. Students have a responsibility to attend school regularly.
- 2. It is the responsibility of students to be aware of all rules and regulations for student behavior and conduct themselves in accord with them.
- 3. Students have a responsibility to express their ideas and opinions in a respectful manner so as not to offend or slander others.
- 4. Students have a responsibility to volunteer information in matters relating to the health, safety, and welfare of the school community and the protection of school property.
- 5. Students have a responsibility to dress and groom themselves so as to meet fair standards of safety and health and so as not to cause substantial disruption to the educational process.
- 6. Until a rule is waived, altered, or repealed, students are responsible for assuming the rule is in full effect.
- 7. Students are responsible for assisting the school staff in operating a safe school for all students enrolled in the school.
- 8. It is the responsibility of students to be aware of and comply with state and local laws.
- 9. Using public facilities and equipment with proper care is a student responsibility.
- 10. Submitting a proper excuse for absence from school is a student responsibility.
- 11. Students are responsible for being on time to all classes and other school functions.
- 12. Making all necessary arrangements for making up work when absent from school is a student responsibility.
- 13. It is a student responsibility to pursue and attempt to satisfactorily complete the courses of study prescribed by state and local authorities.
- 14. Students are responsible for avoiding inaccuracies in student newspapers or publications and indecent or obscene language.
- 15. No student has the right to interfere with the education of his fellow students. It is the responsibility of each student to respect the rights of teachers, administrators, and all others who are involved in the educational process.

The information on RP, LIM, and PBIS were adapted from the following articles or websites: Wachtel, T. (2016). Defining Restorative. <a href="https://www.pbis.org/school/swpbis-for-beginners">www.iirp.edu</a>; What is Leader In Me? <a href="https://www.pbis.org/school/swpbis-for-beginners">www.theleaderinme.org</a>; SWPBIS for Beginners, <a href="https://www.pbis.org/school/swpbis-for-beginners">https://www.pbis.org/school/swpbis-for-beginners</a>

# Regulatory Requirement:

- (a) All persons residing in this Commonwealth between the ages of 6 and 21 years are entitled to a free and full education in the Commonwealth's public schools;
- (b) Parents or guardians of all children between the ages of eight and 17 are required by the compulsory attendance law to ensure that their children attend an approved educational institution, unless legally excused. Students who have not graduated may not be asked to leave school merely because they have reached 17 years of age, if they are fulfilling their responsibilities as students;

A student may not be excluded from the public schools or from extracurricular activities because:

- (1) the student is married;
- (2) the student is pregnant;
- (3) the student has a disability as identified by Chapter 15 (relating to protected handicapped students):
- (4) the student is an eligible student identified under Chapter 14 (relating to special education services and programs).

# **Student Responsibilities**

# Regulatory Requirement: Student responsibilities include:

- (a) Regular school attendance, conscientious effort in classroom work and homework and conformance to school rules and regulations. Most of all, students are responsible to share with the administration and faculty a responsibility to develop a climate within the school that is conducive to wholesome learning and living;
- (b) No student has the right to interfere with the education of fellow students. It is the responsibility of each student to respect the rights of teachers, students, administrators and all others who are involved in the educational process;
  - (c) Students should express their ideas and opinions in a respectful manner;
  - (d) It is the responsibility of the students to conform to the following:
    - (1) Be aware of all rules and regulations for student behavior and conduct themselves in accordance with them. Students should assume that, until a rule is waived, altered or repealed in writing, it is in effect.
    - (2) Volunteer information in matters relating to the health, safety and welfare of the school community and the protection of school property.
    - (3) Dress and groom to meet standards of safety and health, and not to cause substantial disruption to the educational processes.
      - (4) Assist the school staff in operating a safe school for the students enrolled therein.
      - (5) Comply with Commonwealth and local laws.
      - (6) Exercise proper care when using public facilities and equipment.
      - (7) Attend school daily and be on time at all classes and other school functions.
      - (8) Make up work when absent from school.
    - (9) Pursue and attempt to complete satisfactorily the courses of study prescribed by local school authorities.

- (10) Report accurately in student media.
- (11) Do not use obscene language in student media or on school premises.

#### **School Rules**

# Regulatory Requirement:

- (a) The governing board has the authority to make reasonable and necessary rules governing the conduct of students in school. The rulemaking power, however, is not unlimited; it must operate within statutory and constitutional restraints. A governing board has only those powers that are enumerated in the statutes of the Commonwealth, or that may reasonably be implied or necessary for the orderly operation of the school;
- (b) Governing boards may not make rules that are arbitrary, capricious, discriminatory or outside their grant of authority from the General Assembly. A rule is generally considered reasonable if it uses a rational means of accomplishing some legitimate school purpose;
- (c) Each governing board shall adopt a code of student conduct that includes policies governing student discipline and a listing of students' rights and responsibilities as outlined in this chapter. This conduct code shall be published and distributed to students and parents or guardians. Copies of the code shall also be available in each school library.

#### Discrimination

**Regulatory Requirement:** Consistent with the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act (43 P. S. §§ 951—963), a student may not be denied access to a free and full public education, nor may a student be subject to disciplinary action on account of race, sex, color, religion, sexual orientation, national origin or disability.

# **Corporal Punishment**

# Regulatory Requirement:

- (a) Corporal punishment is defined as physically punishing a student for an infraction of the discipline policy. Use of corporal punishment is prohibited;
  - (b) Teachers and school authorities may use reasonable force under the following circumstances
    - (1) To quell a disturbance.
    - (2) To obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects.
    - (3) For the purpose of self-defense.
    - (4) For the protection of persons or property.

#### **Exclusion from School**

- (a) The governing board shall define and publish the types of offenses that would lead to exclusion from school. Exclusions affecting certain students with disabilities shall be governed by § 14.143 (relating to disciplinary placements) and 34 CFR 300.519—300.529<sup>1</sup> (relating to discipline procedures);
- (b) Exclusion from school may take the form of suspension or expulsion;
  - (1) Suspension is exclusion from school for a period of from one to 10 consecutive school days.
    - (i) Suspensions may be given by the principal or person in charge of the public school.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Following the Reauthorization of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 and the promulgation of revised implementing regulations provisions relating to discipline procedures may now be found at 34 C.F.R. §§300.530-300.536

- (ii) A student may not be suspended until the student has been informed of the reasons for the suspension and given an opportunity to respond. Prior notice of the intended suspension need not be given when it is clear that the health, safety or welfare of the school community is threatened.
- (iii) The parents or guardians and the superintendent of the district shall be notified immediately in writing when the student is suspended.
- (iv) When the suspension exceeds three school days, the student and parent shall be given the opportunity for an informal hearing consistent with the requirements in § 12.8(c) (relating to hearings).
- (v) Suspensions may not be made to run consecutively beyond the 10 school day period.
- (vi) Students shall have the responsibility to make up exams and work missed while being disciplined by suspension and shall be permitted to complete these assignments within guidelines established by the governing board.
- (2) Expulsion is exclusion from school by the governing board for a period exceeding 10 school days and may be permanent expulsion from the school rolls. Expulsions require a prior formal hearing under § 12.8.
- (c) During the period prior to the hearing and decision of the governing board in an expulsion case, the student shall be placed in his normal class except as set forth in subsection (d);
- (d) If it is determined after an informal hearing that a student's presence in his normal class would constitute a threat to the health, safety or welfare of others and it is not possible to hold a formal hearing within the period of a suspension, the student may be excluded from school for more than 10 school days. A student may not be excluded from school for longer than 15 school days without a formal hearing unless mutually agreed upon by both parties. Any student so excluded shall be provided with alternative education, which may include home study;
- (e) Students who are under 17 years of age are still subject to the compulsory school attendance law even though expelled and shall be provided an education.
  - (1) The initial responsibility for providing the required education rests with the student's parents or guardians, through placement in another school, tutorial or correspondence study or another educational program approved by the district's superintendent.
  - (2) Within 30 days of action by the governing board, the parents or guardians shall submit to the school district written evidence that the required education is being provided as described in paragraph (1) or that they are unable to do so. If the parents or guardians are unable to provide the required education, the school entity shall, within 10 days of receipt of the notification, make provision for the student's education. A student with a disability shall be provided educational services as required by the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C.A. §§ 1400—1482).
  - (3) If the approved educational program is not complied with, the school entity may take action in accordance with 42 Pa.C.S. Chapter 63 (relating to the Juvenile Act) to ensure that the child will receive a proper education. See § 12.1(b) (relating to free education and attendance).

### **Exclusion from Classes - In-School Suspension**

#### Regulatory Requirement:

- (a) A student may not receive an in-school suspension unless the student has been informed of the reasons for the suspension and has been given an opportunity to respond before the suspension becomes effective;
- (b) Communication to the parents or guardian shall follow the suspension action taken by the school;
- (c) When the in-school suspension exceeds 10 consecutive school days, an informal hearing with the principal shall be offered to the student and the student's parent or guardian prior to the 11th school day in accordance with the procedures in § 12.8 (relating to hearings);
- (d) The student's school entity has the responsibility to make provision for the student's education during the period of the in-school suspension.

**Department Expectations:** LEAs will reflect the requirements set for in Section 12.7 for in-school suspensions in their annual notifications to students and parents. Local policies should be in compliance with the requirements.

# Hearing

- (a) *General*. Education is a statutory right, and students shall be afforded due process if they are to be excluded from school. In a case involving a possible expulsion, the student is entitled to a formal hearing;
- (b) Formal hearings. A formal hearing is required in all expulsion actions. This hearing may be held before the governing board or an authorized committee of the board or a qualified hearing examiner appointed by the board. When a committee of the board or a hearing examiner conducts the hearing, a majority vote of the entire governing board is required to expel a student. The following due process requirements shall be observed with regard to the formal hearing:
  - (1) Notification of the charges shall be sent to the student's parents or guardians by certified mail.
  - (2) At least three days' notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given. A copy of the expulsion policy, notice that legal counsel may represent the student and hearing procedures shall be included with the hearing notice. A student may request the rescheduling of the hearing when the student demonstrates good cause for an extension.
  - (3) The hearing shall be held in private unless the student or parent requests a public hearing.
  - (4) The student may be represented by counsel, at the expense of the parents or guardians, and may have a parent or guardian attend the hearing.
  - (5) The student has the right to be presented with the names of witnesses against the student, and copies of the statements and affidavits of those witnesses.
  - (6) The student has the right to request that the witnesses appear in person and answer questions or be cross-examined.
  - (7) The student has the right to testify and present witnesses on his own behalf.
  - (8) A written or audio record shall be kept of the hearing. The student is

entitled, at the student's expense, to a copy. A copy shall be provided at no cost to a student who is indigent.

- (9) The proceeding shall be held within 15 school days of the notification of charges, unless mutually agreed to by both parties. A hearing may be delayed for any of the following reasons, in which case the hearing shall be held as soon as reasonably possible:
  - (i) Laboratory reports are needed from law enforcement agencies.
  - (ii) Evaluations or other court or administrative proceedings are pending due to a student invoking his rights under the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C.A. §§ 1400—1482).
  - (iii) In cases in juvenile or criminal court involving sexual assault or serious bodily injury, delay is necessary due to the condition or best interests of the victim.
- (10) Notice of a right to appeal the results of the hearing shall be provided to the student with the expulsion decision.
- (c) *Informal hearings*. The purpose of the informal hearing is to enable the student to meet with the appropriate school official to explain the circumstances surrounding the event for which the student is being suspended or to show why the student should not be suspended;
  - (1) The informal hearing is held to bring forth all relevant information regarding the event for which the student may be suspended and for students, their parents or guardians and school officials to discuss ways by which future offenses might be avoided.
  - (2) The following due process requirements shall be observed in regard to the informal hearing:
    - (i) Notification of the reasons for the suspension shall be given in writing to the parents or guardians and to the student.
    - (ii) Sufficient notice of the time and place of the informal hearing shall be given
    - (iii) A student has the right to question any witnesses present at the hearing.
    - (iv) A student has the right to speak and produce witnesses on his own behalf.
    - (v) The school entity shall offer to hold the informal hearing within the first five days of the suspension.

#### Freedom of Expression

- (a) The right of public school students to freedom of speech is guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the Commonwealth;
- (b) Students shall have the right to express themselves unless the expression materially and substantially interferes with the educational process, threatens serious harm to the school or community, encourages unlawful activity or interferes with another individual's rights;
- (c) Students may use publications, handbills, announcements, assemblies, group meetings, buttons, armbands and any other means of common communication, provided that the use of public school communications facilities shall be in accordance with the regulations of the authority in charge of those facilities:
  - (1) Students have the responsibility to obey laws governing libel and obscenity and to be aware of the full meaning of their expression.

- (2) Students have the responsibility to be aware of the feelings and opinions of others and to give others a fair opportunity to express their views.
- (d) Identification of the individual student or at least one responsible person in a student group may be required on posted or distributed materials;
- (e) School officials may require students to submit for prior approval a copy of materials to be displayed, posted or distributed on school property;
- (f) Bulletin boards must conform to the following:
  - (1) School authorities may restrict the use of certain bulletin boards.
  - (2) Bulletin board space should be provided for the use of students and student organizations.
  - (3) School officials may require that notices or other communications be officially dated before posting, and that the materials be removed after a prescribed reasonable time to assure full access to the bulletin boards.
- (g) School newspapers and publications must conform to the following:
  - (1) Students have a right and are as free as editors of other newspapers to report the news and to editorialize within the provisions in paragraphs (4) and (5).
  - (2) School officials shall supervise student newspapers published with school equipment, remove obscene or libelous material and edit other material that would cause a substantial disruption or interference with school activities.
  - (3) School officials may not censor or restrict material simply because it is critical of the school or its administration.
  - (4) Prior approval procedures regarding copy for school newspapers must identify the individual to whom the material is to be submitted and establish a limitation on the time required to make a decision. If the prescribed time for approval elapses without a decision, the material shall be considered authorized for distribution.
  - (5) Students who are not members of the newspaper staff shall have access to its pages. Written criteria for submission of material by non staff members shall be developed and distributed to all students.
- (h) The wearing of buttons, badges or armbands shall be permitted as another form of expression within the restrictions listed in Subsection (c);
  - (i) School officials may set forth the time and place of distribution of materials so that distribution would not materially or substantially interfere with the requirements of appropriate discipline in the operation of the school:
  - (1) A proper time and place set for distribution is one that would give the students the opportunity to reach fellow students.
  - (2) The place of the activity may be restricted to permit the normal flow of traffic within the school and at exterior doors.

# Flag Salute and Pledge of Allegiance

**Regulatory Requirement**: It is the responsibility of every citizen to show proper respect for his country and its flag:

- (1) Students may decline to recite the Pledge of Allegiance and may refrain from saluting the Flag on the basis of personal belief or religious convictions.
- (2) Students who choose to refrain from such participation shall respect the rights and interests of classmates who do wish to participate.

#### Hair and Dress

#### Regulatory Requirement:

- (a) The governing board may establish dress codes or require that students wear school uniforms. Policies may apply to individual school buildings or to all school buildings;
- (b) Students have the right to govern the length or style of their hair, including facial hair. Any limitation of this right must include evidence that length or style of hair causes disruption of the educational process or constitutes a health or safety hazard. When length or style of the hair presents a health or safety hazard, some types of covering shall be used;
- (c) Students may be required to wear certain types of clothing while participating in physical education classes, shops, extracurricular activities or other situations when special attire may be required to insure the health or safety of the student;
- (d) Students have the responsibility to keep themselves, their clothes and their hair clean. School officials may impose limitations on student participation in the regular instructional program when there is evidence that the lack of cleanliness constitutes a health hazard.

#### **Confidential Communications**

# Regulatory Requirement:

- (a) Use of a student's confidential communications to school personnel in legal proceedings is governed by statutes and regulations appropriate to the proceeding. See, for example, 42 Pa.C.S. § 5945 (relating to confidential communications to school personnel);
- (b) Information received in confidence from a student may be revealed to the student's parents or guardians, the principal or other appropriate authority when the health, welfare or safety of the student or other persons is clearly in jeopardy.

#### **Searches**

- (a) The governing board of every school entity shall adopt reasonable policies and procedures regarding student searches. The local education agency shall notify students and their parents or guardians of the policies and procedures regarding student searches;
- (b) Illegal or prohibited materials seized during a student search may be used as evidence against the student in a school disciplinary proceeding;
- (c) Prior to a locker search, students shall be notified and given an opportunity to be present. When school authorities have a reasonable suspicion that the locker contains materials that pose a threat to the health, welfare or safety of students in the school, student lockers may be searched without prior warning.

#### II. CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENT MISCONDUCT

In order to protect the right of all students to receive the best education possible in a safe and orderly learning environment, certain types of behavior are prohibited. Student misconduct is classified in four (4) levels based upon place of occurrence, frequency of occurrence, and disruptive effect upon the safety and orderliness of the learning environment.

#### A. ATTENDANCE POLICY REGULATIONS

- 1. The following days of absence are classified as "noncumulative" and are not subject to Attendance Policy regulations related to the Student Code of Conduct:
  - a. Suspensions from school.
  - b. Illness verified by a physician's note submitted within three days of a student's return to school.
  - c. Death in the family from the date of death until two days after the funeral unless otherwise authorized by the building principal or his designee. A signed parental note must be submitted within three days of the student's return to school.
  - d. Designated religious holidays provided that a signed parental request is submitted prior to the holiday.
  - e. School-sponsored activities.
  - f. College visits for up to three total days per school year provided that a signed parental request is submitted prior to the visit(s).
- 2. The following days of legal excused absence are classified as "cumulative" and are not subject to Attendance Policy regulations related to the Student Code of Conduct:
  - a. Preapproved family vacation(s) while school is in session within limits established by the District:

Students at the elementary level will be permitted to take four (4) educational trips, up to a cumulative maximum of fifteen (15) school days during their tenure in elementary school. Educational trips may not exceed five (5) days per year.

Middle School students will be permitted to take two (2) educational trips, up to a cumulative maximum of (10) school days during their tenure at the middle school level. Educational trips may not exceed five (5) days per year.

High school students will be permitted to take two (2) educational trips, up to a cumulative maximum of (10) school days during their tenure at the high school level. Educational trips may not exceed five (5) days per year.

b. Preapproved college visits beyond three days within a school year.

- c. Any absence for which a written parental excuse is submitted within three days of the student's return to school.
  - (1) For elementary students, a maximum of ten days of cumulative absence verified by parent notes will be permitted during a school year. Beginning with the eleventh day of elementary school student absence, a physician's note will be required unless authorized otherwise by the building principal.
  - (2) For middle and high school students, a maximum of seven days of cumulative absence verified by parent notes will be permitted during a school year. Beginning with the eighth day of secondary school student absence, a physician's note will be required unless authorized otherwise by the building principal.
- 3. The following cumulative absences are classified as "unexcused/unlawful" and are subject to Attendance Policy regulations related to the Student Code of Conduct.
  - a. Any day of absence for which neither a written parental or physician's note is submitted within three school days of a student's return from absence.
  - b. Any day of absence not excused by a physician's note after seven days of secondary school absence or ten days of elementary school absence unless authorized otherwise by the building principal or his designee.
  - c. School truancy which includes any unexcused or unlawful absence by students aged sixteen and under. Also classified as truancy is any unexcused absence by students aged seventeen and over.
  - d. Three unlawful absences result in parent receipt of a written notice of violation of the Compulsory Attendance Law and may result in prosecution before a district justice in accordance with Section 1333 of the Pennsylvania School Code. A written notice will also occur for all subsequent absences. Parents and guardians are subject to fines of up to \$300 and possible arrest. Students may also have their driving privileges delayed or suspended.
  - e. Unlawful class absences exceeding 50% or more of any school day will be classified as an unexcused/unlawful absence for the day and result in Student Code of Conduct consequences as outlined on the Disciplinary Action Sequence Chart (pages 15-16).
  - f. Unlawful and unexcused absences will result in a grade of "F', "N", or "zero" for all school responsibilities and class work missed on that day.
- 4. Late to class and late to school are categorized as attendance infractions of the Student Code of Conduct.
  - a. Lateness to school due to physician's appointments, court appearances, or funerals are not subject to actions outlined in the Student Code of Conduct provided written verification is submitted when the student reports to school.
  - b. An administrative discipline referral will be acted upon beginning with the third occurrence of unexcused lateness to school or class.

- c. Students who have reached the category of 3-5 sessions of detention on the third step for lateness to class will have any further occurrences considered as an act of defiance.
- d. Students who have reached the category of 3-5 sessions of detention on the sixth step for lateness to school will have any further occurrences considered as an act of truancy **and** will result in minutes accumulating towards a violation of the Compulsory Attendance Law of the Pennsylvania School Code and be subject to prosecution before a district justice. 180 minutes of tardiness will be considered a full day of absence.
- e. Students who fail to report for unexcused reasons to administratively assigned detention for an attendance violation will be considered to be guilty of defiance.
- f. A schedule modification may be imposed in cases where attendance infractions primarily affect a particular course of study. Students withdrawn from courses are ineligible to earn credit for such courses during the current school year.
- 5. Unexcused class absence (class cutting) is categorized as a Level II infraction of the Student Code of Conduct.
  - a. Unexcused class absence includes any class missed without authorization for 50% or more of the scheduled class time.
  - b. Unexcused class absence will result in a grade of "F", "N", or "zero" for all school responsibilities and class work missed.
  - c. A schedule modification may be imposed in cases where attendance infractions primarily affect a particular course of study. Students withdrawn from courses are ineligible to earn credit for such courses during the current school year.
- 6. Truancy is classified as a Level III infraction of the Student Code of Conduct.
  - a. Each day of truancy beginning with the third day is a violation of the Compulsory Attendance Law of the Pennsylvania School Code and subject to prosecution before a district justice.
  - b. Students truant on multiple occasions will be assigned to in-school suspension, Saturday detention, or an extended school year.
  - c. Students truant from school will receive a grade of "F", "N", or "zero" for all school responsibilities and class work missed on that day.
- 7. Travel to an unauthorized area is classified as a Level III infraction of the Student Code of Conduct and includes students who leave the school grounds or who travel to an unsupervised or restricted area within the building without authorization.
- 8. Administrative discretion may be employed in the enforcement of all attendance regulations.

#### **B.** LEVEL I INFRACTIONS

Level I infractions include behaviors which disrupt the learning environment and occur within the classroom.

- 1. Each classroom teacher or team of teachers will provide or involve students in the development of a Class Management Plan. The plan will include a list or description of expected student behaviors and/or prohibited student behaviors within the class and consequences for failing to adhere to the procedures. Class Management Plans will be shared with parents.
  - a. Consequences implemented by the teacher in the Class Management Plan may include but are not limited to:
    - conference with student, conference with parent
    - conference with guidance staff
    - student detentions
    - student contract.
    - modified instructional programming
    - specially-designed assignments
    - denial of class privileges
  - b. This Class Management Plan will be reviewed in advance and endorsed by a building administrator.
  - c. All special education students who exhibit behavioral problems which violate aspects of the Student Code of Conduct will have a revision of their Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) which will include a Behavior Management Plan prepared by district staff with the involvement and agreement of the parent or guardian. Special education students identified as Seriously Emotionally Disturbed must have an IEP that includes a Behavior Management Plan. This plan is developed at the initial conference and is revised as needed.
- 2. Students who violate the classroom regulations will first be dealt with by the classroom teacher according to the Class Management Plan or Behavioral Management Plan incorporated in their Individualized Educational Plan.
- 3. Students will be referred to an administrator when, despite efforts of the teacher to change the student behavior, the student continues to demonstrate a pattern of misconduct, refusing or neglecting to follow the directions of the teacher.

#### C. LEVEL II INFRACTIONS

Level II infractions include prohibited behaviors during school, during school-sponsored activities on and off school property, and while students travel to and from school by district transportation.

Each school may define additional types of student misconduct to be included as Level II infractions and the consequences for those infractions.

1. Misconduct which meets the definition of a Level II infraction may be referred to an administrator for appropriate action within guidelines established by the building administration.

- 2. Continued class misconduct is also classified as a Level II infraction and may be referred to an administrator after the teacher has completed the Level I interventions outlined in the teacher's Class Management Plan.
- 3. Violations of student dress regulations are classified as Level II infractions. Student dress regulations are required to ensure safety or to avoid disruption of the educational process. Student dress must adhere to standards which show respect for oneself and the larger school community.
  - a. Students shall not wear or display clothing, symbols, pins, or other paraphernalia (1) advertising alcohol, tobacco, and other controlled substances; (2) displaying inappropriate words or pictures; (3) derogatory to any ethnic group; or (4) which may cause disruption to any school, class or activity.
  - b. Students are not permitted to wear revealing clothing which offends the sense of common decency, as judged by those entrusted with providing a positive school environment. Revealing clothing includes, but is not limited to, clothing that reveals the midriff, halter-like tops, seethrough blouses or shirts, short shorts, and cut-off shorts.
  - c. The wearing of caps, hats, jackets, coats, and other outerwear is prohibited inside the school building unless authorized by an administrator. All such clothing items must be stored in lockers or designated areas during the school day.
  - d. Shoes, sneakers or other appropriate footwear must be worn in school at all times unless otherwise specified by an adult authority.
  - e. Students shall not wear any clothing items or clothing accessories which, in the view of an administrator, represent a safety hazard or danger to school property.
  - f. Students will be informed of any special dress regulations which exist in specialized school programs or activities and will be expected to abide by such regulations.
- 4. The possession, furnishing, or selling of unauthorized items and materials on school property is classified as a Level II infraction.
  - a. Such items include but are not limited to electronic, entertainment, and communication devices.
  - b. All such items will be confiscated, forwarded to an administrator, and returned only to a parent or guardian.
  - c. All cellular telephones and other communication devices must be deactivated and must be stored in lockers or other administratively designed areas during the regular school day. Students are prohibited from receiving and/or transmitting voice messages or text messages as well as activating any other communication device functions except in unique circumstances with prior approval from an administrator. The school district assumes no responsibility for lost or stolen cellular telephones or communication devices.

- 5. Students who violate the District's Transportation Policy guidelines will be addressed appropriately within the Level II or III category of the Student Code of Conduct. (See Appendix, p. 40)
- 6. Defiance is a Level III infraction. Defiance is defined as the willful failure or refusal to follow instructions or directions of an adult authority on school property or during school-sponsored activities.
- 7. Students who exceed the category of 3-5 sessions of detention for a Level II infraction will have any subsequent occurrences of the same infraction categorized as insubordination, a Level III infraction.
- 8. After a student has committed five incidents from any combination of Level II infractions, any further Level II infractions may be acted upon as insubordination by the building administrator.
- 9. A student may be granted an additional Level II infraction category if twenty (20) school days have elapsed since his/her last infraction.
- 10. No student may be permitted to exceed eight (8) Level II infractions. All subsequent infractions will be categorized as insubordination.

#### D. LEVEL III INFRACTIONS

Level III infractions include prohibited behaviors during school, during school-sponsored activities on and off school property, and while students travel to and from school by district transportation.

Level III infractions and consequences will be consistent throughout the Bethlehem Area School District. All Level III infractions must be referred to an administrator as expediently as possible.

Level III infractions also apply to *unacceptable use of computers as well as network activity infractions*. Violation of the Computer, Network, and Internet Use Policy will be acted upon appropriately within the Level III infractions included in the Student Code of Conduct. (For further detail see the District's *Computer, Network, and Internet Use Policy* included in the Appendix, p. 34)

1. Level III infractions include but are not limited to the following types of behavior:

#### a. Activating False Fire Alarms

In addition to the school penalty imposed, students may also be prosecuted under Section 4905 of the Pennsylvania Penal Code which includes a penalty of up to five years imprisonment.

#### b. Destruction of School and/or Personal Property

Willful behavior which damages/destroys property belonging to the school district or to any students, employees, representatives, or visitors of the school district. When it is determined that students are responsible for the destruction of school or personal property, the full cost of materials and labor to repair or replace the damaged property will be the responsibility of the student(s) causing the damage/destruction.

# c. Disrespect

Willful behavior which without reasonable cause is designed to lessen the reputation, honor, or public opinion of any individual. Any use of profanity and/or obscenity specifically directed at an employee of the school district will be categorized as disrespect.

#### d. Drugs/Alcohol

- (1) The use, possession, transmission or attempted transmission, or being under the influence of drugs or alcohol or substances purported to be drugs or alcohol.
- (2) In addition to the school penalty imposed, the student will be referred to the proper state or local authorities should the student behavior violate the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The sale, distribution, or attempted sale or distribution of drugs, or alcohol or substances purported to be drugs or alcohol will be classified as a Level IV infraction. Violators will be subject to a formal expulsion hearing before the Board of School Directors.
- (3) Students will be referred to the Student Assistance Team and may be required to obtain treatment from proper medical or health facilities before receiving permission to re-enter school.
- (4) Any drug and/or alcohol products found on school property or during school sponsored activities will be confiscated.
- (5) The use of drug detection dogs may assist school authorities in locating illegal substances in accordance with the District's Locker Search Policy (see Appendix).

#### e. Endangerment

Willful, improper behavior which may cause injury or harm to another individual or create an environment where injury or harm would be likely to occur. Should injury or harm to an individual actually occur, the behavior will be considered as an assault.

#### f. Extortion

Willful behavior which causes any individual to relinquish a personal possession or individual right as a result of threat or fear of violence or personal injury.

#### g. Fraud/Cheating

Misrepresentation of the truth including deceptive completion of school responsibilities.

#### h. Insubordination

Repeated acts of defiance or behavior as set forth in II.C.7 or II.C.8.

#### i. Physical Assault

Any behavior which causes physical harm or injury to another individual, except in cases of self-defense. In addition to school penalty imposed. The student may be liable for payment of damages, as well as referral to civil authorities. In the case of serious physical harm or injury, as defined as, but not limited to, broken bones, possible internal injuries, severe lacerations and bleeding, or loss of consciousness, the behavior shall constitute a Level IV infraction, the student may be suspended for 10 days and recommended for expulsion.

#### j. Profanity/Obscenity

Any behavior which visually and/or verbally presents ideas which are considered offensive to and/or inappropriate for maintaining an effective school environment.

#### k. Theft/Larceny

The taking of property belonging to the school district or any employee, student, representative, or visitor of the school district without permission. In addition to the school penalty imposed, the student will be liable for restitution and may be referred to civil authorities. Additionally the theft of district property/equipment may be immediately referred by the building principal to the Superintendent of Schools for consideration as a Level IV offense and an expulsion hearing before the Board of School Directors of the Bethlehem Area School District.

#### 1. Threats/Harassment/Bullying

- (1) Intentional behavior that results in trouble, worry, or torment to another individual for no beneficial purpose. This includes but is not limited to expressions of an intent, actual or attempts, to injure or harm an individual or their property.
- (2) Dependent upon the actual or apparent nature and intent of the threat, the disciplinary action sequence may be modified in order to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the school community. The modification may include disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from school.
- (3) Students who express, in any manner, any statement(s) which indicate a planned intent to injure or harm another individual will, after consultation with the Director of Operations or Director of Student Services, be referred to proper state or local authorities should the student behavior appear to violate local, state, or federal law.
- (4) Students who make threats to injure or harm others may be subject to search of their person, personal belongings, or vehicles, as well as district-supplied lockers.
- (5) Incidents of harassment/bullying as defined by the District's Harassment and Bullying Policy will result in consequences determined to be appropriate within Student Code of Conduct guidelines defined by the administrator.

#### m. Tobacco

- (1) The use, possession, sale or distribution of tobacco products or assisting in the use, possession, sale or distribution of tobacco products on school property or during school-sponsored activities.
- (2) In addition to the school penalty imposed, all tobacco products found on school property or during school-sponsored activities in the possession of students will be confiscated.
- (3) Students in violation of the prohibition will also be issued a citation by a school administrator and be subject to a \$50 fine and court costs by a district justice in accordance with state law.

#### n. Computer, Network, and Internet Use Policy Violation

Violation of the Computer, Network, and Internet Use Policy will be acted upon appropriately within the Level III infractions included in the Student Code of Conduct. (For further detail see the District's Computer, Network, and Internet Use Policy included in the Appendix, p. 30)

- 2. Level III infractions resulting in serious personal injury to any person or substantial damage to property, or which otherwise results in significant actual harm to the health, safety, or welfare of the school community may constitute a Level IV infraction and may be immediately referred by the building principal to the Superintendent of Schools for consideration of referral for an expulsion hearing before the Board of School Directors of the Bethlehem Area School District.
- 3. Habitual offenders of Level III infractions will be referred to the Board of School Directors of the Bethlehem Area School District for an expulsion hearing. Habitual offenders will be defined as either:
  - a. Students who have exceeded the category of 5-10 days of suspension during the current school year for a specific Level III infraction.
  - b. Students who have exceeded five (5) separate suspensions during the current school year for any combination of Level III infractions.

#### E. LEVEL IV INFRACTIONS

Level IV infractions include prohibited behaviors during school, during school-sponsored activities on and off school property, and while students travel to and from school by district transportation. Level IV infractions also include behaviors which represent an immediate danger to the safety and well-being of the total school community.

1. Students cited for Level IV infractions will be suspended from school for ten (10) school days and referred by the building principal to the Superintendent of schools for an expulsion hearing before the Board of School Directors of the Bethlehem Area School District.

- 2. Level IV infractions include but are not limited to the following types of behavior:
  - a. Possession of a weapon as defined in Section 1317.2 of the Public School Code including, but not limited to any firearm, explosive, knife, or unauthorized cutting instrument; or possession of a replica of a weapon and/or look alike objects.
    - (1) Unless recommended otherwise by the Superintendent of Schools, any student found to be in violation of a Level IV infraction as defined in Section 1317.2 of the Public School Code will be expelled from the District for no less than one year.
    - (2) The Board of School Directors must approve any recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools for an expulsion of less than one year for a Level IV infraction involving a weapon as defined in Section 1317.2 of the Public School Code. The Board of School Directors may enact an expulsion of any term from one year to a permanent expulsion.
  - b. Assault upon a district employee.
  - c. Habitual offenders of District regulations
    - (1) Exceeding the level of 5-10 days of suspension consequence during the current school year for a specific Level III infraction.
    - (2) Exceeding five (5) separate suspensions during the current school year for any combination of infractions.
  - d. Any offense of such a serious nature, as determined by the administration, that expulsion of a student is justified.
  - e. Infractions resulting in serious personal injury to any person or substantial damage to property, or which otherwise results in actual harm to the health, safety, or welfare of the school community may be immediately referred by the building principal to the Superintendent for consideration of referral for an expulsion hearing before the Board of School Directors of the Bethlehem Area School District. In addition, any criminal offense substantially interfering with or negatively affecting the health, safety, and/or welfare of the school community may result in an expulsion hearing.

#### F. GANG ACTIVITY POLICY GUIDELINES

Students should associate with peers who engage in safe, respectful, and responsible behaviors. Students must not participate in gang activity. Gangs are defined as three or more individuals with a common interest, bond, or activity which are associated with criminal activities or whose purpose includes the commission of illegal acts and who refer to themselves by a group name or designation. This definition shall also include what is commonly know as a hate group.

The following guidelines are deemed closely related to gang activity and are prohibited:

- 1. Wearing, possessing, using, distributing, displaying or selling of any clothing, jewelry, emblem, badge, symbol, sign, tattoos, manner of grooming, or other item which indicates or implies membership in, or affiliation with, any gang and/or representative of any gang.
- 2. Commission of any act or omission, or the use of any speech, either verbal or nonverbal (gestures, handshakes, etc.), which indicates or implies membership in or affiliation with any gang, and/or is representative of any gang.
- 3. Use of any speech, or committing any act or omission in furtherance of the interest of any gang or gang activity including, but not limited to:
  - a. Soliciting others for membership in any gangs.
  - b. Requesting any person to pay for protection or otherwise intimidating or threatening, hazing, or harassing any person.
  - c. Committing any illegal act or violation of school district policies.
  - d. Inciting another person to act with physical violence upon any other person or to cause damage to property.
  - e. Painting, writing, or otherwise inscribing gang-related graffiti, messages, insignias, or signs on school property.

Gang activity consequences shall be assigned by the Administrator after assessing whether any acts or behavior is gang related. Consequences may range from Level II to Level IV infractions. Additionally, students may be immediately referred by the building principal to the Superintendent of Schools for consideration of an expulsion hearing before the Board of School Directors of the Bethlehem Area School District.

# III. DISCIPLINARY ACTION SEQUENCE

#### A. GUIDELINES

The guidelines outlined on the Disciplinary Action Sequence Chart represent expected consequences for violations of the Student Code of Conduct. The sequence, however, may be modified if, in the judgment of an administrator, alternative or additional action(s) will serve the best interest of the student and/or school environment.

All the provisions of the Student Code of Conduct shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with all state and federal laws pertaining to students with disabilities.

#### B. IMPLEMENTATION

In implementing the Disciplinary Action Sequence Chart, the following guidelines will be followed:

- 1. The infractions are listed in the column on the left side of the chart.
- 2. The numbers across from each infraction represent occurrences of the same infraction. For example, the number "1" indicates the first offense, the number "2" indicates the second offense, etc.
- 3. The consequence for each offense is listed directly above the number of each occurrence as a range of either detentions or suspensions.

#### 4. Student Detention Session:

- a. Students assigned a session of detention(s) will be required to report to a designated location at times to be specified by a building administrator. Students will be expected to use detention time to study, complete assignments, or read curriculum-related materials.
- b. Unless authorized otherwise by an administrator, the serving of administratively assigned detention will take precedence over all other school activities or events.

#### 5. Suspension from School:

- a. Students suspended from school will be removed from the regularly scheduled instructional program.
- b. Suspension is exclusion from school for a period of from one to ten consecutive school days. Students suspended will be removed from the regular school program, and assigned to a designated location in school, or assigned to a designated location out of school during the term of the suspension, this may include the students' home for an out of school suspension.
- c. Suspension may be issued by the principal or designee in charge of the school.
- d. No student shall be suspended until the student has been informed of the reasons for the suspension and given an opportunity to respond.
- e. Prior notice of the intended suspension need not be given when it is clear that the health, safety, or welfare of the school community is threatened.
- e. After giving the student notice of the intended suspension, the school will immediately attempt contact of the parent/guardian to notify the parent of the suspension, its cause, its duration, the expected restrictions on the student during the suspension, and that a written confirmation will be mailed to the home.
- f. In those cases where the parent cannot be reached, every effort should be made to keep the child in school until the end of the school day unless the nature of the offense is so severe that other arrangements are necessary. Written notice will be provided to the student. The student will be expected to deliver the written notice to the parent. Written notice will also be mailed to the parent.

- g. When a student is suspended, the student and the parent/guardian shall be required to attend an informal hearing. The purpose of the informal hearing is to enable the student to meet with the appropriate school official to explain the circumstances surrounding the incident for which the student is being suspended for the parent or the student to show why the student should not be suspended. The informal hearing is meant to encourage the student's parents or guardian to meet with the administrator to discuss ways by which future offenses can be avoided. The informal hearing includes the following due process requirements:
  - (1) Notification of the reasons for the suspension shall be given in writing to the parents or guardian and to the student.
  - (2) Sufficient notice of the time and place of the informal hearing shall be given.
  - (3) A student has the right to question any witnesses present at the hearing.
  - (4) A student has the right to speak and produce witnesses on his own behalf.
  - (5) The district shall offer to hold the informal hearing within the first five days of the suspension.
- i. Suspensions may not be made to run consecutively beyond the ten school day period.
- j. Students shall have the responsibility to make up exams and work missed while being disciplined by suspension and shall be permitted to complete these assignments within guidelines established by each school.
- k. Suspension from school of exceptional students will be in accordance with due process requirements as defined by state regulations.

#### 6. Expulsion from School

- a. Expulsion is removal of a student from the regular school program for a period of time exceeding ten school days up to, and including, permanent removal from school.
- b. Unless a written agreement ("Waiver of Expulsion Hearing and Stipulation") is endorsed by the District, parent/guardian, and student, expulsions require a prior formal hearing. The hearing may be held before the Board of School Directors, a duly authorized committee of the Board, or a qualified hearing examiner appointed by the entire School Board. The formal hearing includes the following due process requirements:
  - (1) Notification of the charges shall be sent to the student's parent(s) or guardian(s) by certified mail.
  - (2) Sufficient notice of the time and place of the hearing must be given.
  - (3) The hearing shall be held in private unless the student or parent/guardian requests a public hearing.
  - (4) The student has the right to be represented by counsel.
  - (5) The student has the right to be presented with the names of witnesses against the student, and copies of the statements and affidavits of those witnesses.

- (6) The student has the right to request that any such witnesses appear in person and answer questions or be cross-examined.
- (7) The student has the right to testify and present witnesses on his own behalf.
- (8) A record must be kept of the hearing, either by a stenographer or by tape recorder. The student is entitled, at the student's expense, to a copy of the transcript or audiotape. However, a copy will be provided at no cost to a student who is indigent.
- (9) The hearing must be held in the time required by law.
- c. During the period prior to the hearing and prior to a decision of the Board, the student shall be placed in his normal class unless it is determined, after an informal hearing, that a student's presence in his normal class would constitute a threat to the health, safety, or welfare of others. The student may not be excluded from school for more than 15 school days without a formal hearing unless mutually agreed by all parties. Any student so excluded shall be provided with alternative education, which may include home study.
- d. Where a student disagrees with the results of a hearing, an appeal may be taken to the Court of Common Pleas.
- e. Students who have been expelled who are less than 17 years of age are still subject to the compulsory school attendance law, and they must be provided an education.
  - (1) The initial responsibility for providing the required education rests with the student's parent(s) or guardian(s), through placement in another school, through tutorial or correspondence study, or through another educational program approved by the Superintendent of Schools.
  - (2) If the parent(s) or guardian(s) are unable to provide for the required education they must, within 30 days, submit to the school district written evidence so stating. The District then has the responsibility to make some provision for the student's education. If 30 days pass without the district receiving satisfactory evidence that the required education is being provided to the student, it must again contact the parent/guardian and pending the parents' or guardian's provision of such education, the District must make some provision for the student's education.
  - (3) Expelled students assigned to the District's Lifeskills/Academic Maintenance Program (L/AMP) will be required to adhere to all procedures and guidelines established specifically for this program.
  - (4) L/AMP attendance regulations require students to notify a program. representative in advance of any absences from class.

#### C. ALTERNATIVE ACTIONS

- 1. In addition to the detentions and days of suspension indicated in the Disciplinary Action Sequence Chart, alternative action may also be taken by an administrator for violation of the Student Code of Conduct.
- 2. In each incident, the administrator will decide on an individual basis if alternative action will best meet the needs of the student, the school district, and/or the employees of the school district.
- 3. Alternative actions may replace and/or accompany the action indicated in the Disciplinary Action Sequence Chart for each violation of the Student Code of Conduct.
- 4. Alternative actions which may be taken include but are not limited to:
  - a. civil and/or criminal prosecution
  - b. denial of privileges
  - c. design of a unique student educational program
  - d. design of a student behavioral program
  - e. design of a student work or service program
  - f. inclusion in the Saturday detention program
  - g. liability for damages or financial loss
  - h. parent conference
  - i. participation in a conflict resolution program
  - j. referral to alternative education program
  - k. referral to appropriate local, county, and/or state agencies and/or institutions
  - 1. referral to counselor
  - m. referral to Instructional Support Team (IST)
  - n. referral to psychiatric and/or psychological service staff
  - o. referral to Student Assistance Program (SAP) staff
  - p. scheduling of a parenting improvement course.
- 5. Students who have violated the Student Code of Conduct should not expect to receive only a warning when referred to an administrator. This policy will be explained in its entirety at the beginning of the student's school year and represents the only warning which will be issued.

#### D. DISCIPLINARY ACTION SUMMARY

A Disciplinary Action Summary will be maintained for students violating the Student Code of Conduct.

- 1. The summary will include all infractions committed by the student during the current school year. Consequences for student misconduct are not cumulative from year to year. A new summary will be developed at the beginning of each school year
- 2. The summary will be forwarded with student records when a student transfers to schools within the Bethlehem Area School District.
- 3. The summary will be forwarded with student records when the student earns promotion to the next grade.
- 4. Also forwarded will be student discipline referrals for any misconduct resulting in school suspension. In addition, student suspension reinstatement contracts and personal improvement plans will also be forwarded with student records.

#### E. SUSPENSION REINSTATEMENT PROCESS

- 1. Upon returning from any suspension, the student is required to complete a Student Contract or Personal Improvement Plan prior to reinstatement. The intent of this contract or plan is to improve student behavior.
- 2. Parents must accompany students upon their return to their regular school program from all suspensions. During the suspension reinstatement hearing:
  - a. The administrator imposing the suspension will review the reason(s) for the suspension.
  - b. The administrator will also review the student's discipline record and explain the consequences which will occur for further violations of the Student Code of Conduct.
  - c. The administrator will advise the parent of any current student obligations related to the Student Code of Conduct or lack of academic performance.
  - d. The administrator will assure that an appropriate Student Reinstatement Contract or Personal Improvement Plan is completed and advise the student and parent of the monitoring process which will be employed upon the student's return to school.
  - e. When directed by the administrator, the counselor will review or assist in the development of the contract or improvement plan and establish a schedule for consulting with the student.
- 3. Students who fail to abide by conditions outlined in the suspension reinstatement contract may be cited for insubordination by an administrator when efforts by the counselor and teaching staff have proven unsuccessful in changing student behavior.

# F. IMPOSITION OF STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT CONSEQUENCES

- 1. Students who transfer to a different school within the Bethlehem Area School District will be required to fulfill Student Code of Conduct consequences at the school in which the student enrolls.
- 2. Students who withdraw from the Bethlehem Area School District will be required to fulfill Student Code of Conduct consequences upon re-entry into the District. Student expulsion hearings may be conducted for students who withdraw from the District.

3. Students concluding the regular school year with Student Code of Conduct consequences yet to be fulfilled will be required to fulfill the consequences following conclusion of the regular school year.

#### IV. SUMMARY

For the majority of students in the Bethlehem Area School District, good discipline is not a problem. Most students have already learned to respect the rights of others and to take seriously the educational opportunity the school represents. This Student Code of Conduct is not designed to either alarm or restrict those students.

To those students who already demonstrate good discipline, the Student Code of Conduct, hopefully, assures them a safe and positive school environment in which to learn.

For those students who have yet to develop the self-control and character needed for success, the Student Code of Conduct provides a series of guidelines. The guidelines will, hopefully, assist these students to more clearly understand the rights of others and themselves.

Behavior is a series of decisions and choices. It is hoped students will make those behavioral decisions and choices with the overall major purpose of school in mind-to prepare for the future by developing into a better person today.

#### NOTIFICATION OF NONDISCRIMINATION

It is the policy of the Bethlehem Area School District not to discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, age, religion, veteran status or any other legally protected classification in its educational and vocational programs, activities, or employment as required by Title VI, Title IX, Section 504.

POLIZA DE DERECHOS IGUALES Y OPORTUNIDADES El Distrito Escolar de Bethlehem no discriminara en sus programs educacionales, programas vocacionales, 0 practicas de empleos, basado en su raze, color, nacionalidad sexo, incapacidad, edad, religion, status de veterano u otras clasificaciones legalmente protegidas. Esta notificacion esta de acuerdo con lag leyes estatales y federales, incluyendo Titulo VI, litulo IX, Seccion 504.

# **APPENDIX**

- ♦ Attendance Policy
- Computer, Network, and Internet Use Policy.
- ♦ Student Technology Usage Guide
- ♦ Gang Policy
- ♦ Locker Search Policy
- ♦ Transportation Policy
- ♦ Bullying Policy
- ♦ Bullying/Cyberbullying Guide for Parents/Guardians
- ♦ Complaint Procedure

# BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

# ATTENDANCE POLICY

The Board of School Directors requires that school-aged pupils who are enrolled in the schools of this district attend school regularly in accordance with the laws of the state. The educational program offered by this district is predicated upon the presence of the pupil and requires continuity of instruction and classroom participation.

Attendance shall be required of all students during the days and hours that school is in session, except that a principal or teacher may excuse a student for temporary absence when they receive satisfactory evidence of such mental, physical or other urgent condition which may reasonably cause the student's absence.

The Board considers the following conditions to constitute reasonable cause for absence from school:

- illness
- quarantine
- recovery from accident
- required court appearance
- death in the family

All absences occasioned by the observance of the student's religion on a day approved by the Board as a religious holiday shall be excused and no student so excused shall be deprived of an award or eligibility to compete for an award or the opportunity to make up a test given on that day.

Attendance need not always be within the school facilities, but a student will be considered to be in attendance if present at any place where school is in session by authority of the Board, or at the place where the student is receiving approved tutorial instruction or health care, or at the place where the student it engaged in an approved and properly supervised work/study or career education program, or at home when the student is receiving approved homebound instruction.

The Board shall consider each student assigned to a program of independent study to be in regular attendance for the program, provided the student is under the guidance of a staff member so assigned and reports weekly to such staff member the place in which the student is conducting study and regularly demonstrates progress toward the objectives of the course of study.

Repeated infractions of Board policy regarding attendance may constitute such misconduct and disobedience as to warrant the suspension or expulsion of the student from the regular school program.

It shall be the policy of the Board to consider the effectiveness and appropriateness to the pupil's needs of the educational program that is offered each child who is habitually and repeatedly absent from such program. The Board authorizes the superintendent to suspend a student from a particular class or from school in accordance with the policies of the Board if sincere efforts by the staff and parents cannot rectify the pattern of absence. The superintendent is authorized to establish the criteria to implement this policy.

The Board will excuse the following students from the requirements of attendance at the schools of this district:

- On certification by a physician or submission of other satisfactory evidence and on approval of the Department of Education, children who are unable to attend school or apply themselves to study for mental, physical or other reasons so urgent as to preclude regular attendance;
- Students enrolled in nonpublic or private schools in which the subjects and activities prescribed by law are taught, except that such students and students attending college and also enrolled in the schools shall be counted as being in attendance in this district;
- Students 16 or 17 years of age, whose enrollments in a private trade or business school have been approved;
- Children 15 years of age and 14 years of age who have completed sixth grade and who are engaged in farm work or private domestic service under duly issued permits; and
- Children 16 years of age, regularly employed during the school session and holding a lawfully issued employment certificate.

The Board may excuse the following students from the requirements of attendance at school:

- Students receiving private instruction from a properly qualified tutor,
- Homebound children, and
- Students enrolled in special schools conducted by the Colonial Intermediate Unit 20 or by the Department of Education.

The Board may report to appropriate authorities infractions of the law regarding the attendance of students under age 17. The Board shall issue notice to those parents and guardians who fail to comply with the statutory requirements of compulsory attendance that such infractions of the statute will be prosecuted.

# Requirements for a Written Parental Explanation for a Student's Legal Absence

- 1. Parents are required to submit a written explanation for the legal absence of their child within three (3) days from the date of the child's return to school. Failure to provide such written explanation or failure of the child to present the excuse to the principal will result in the absence being declared unexcused and/or unlawful, as provided in Section 1329 of the School Laws and Section 113-411 of the School Administrator's Handbook (March 20, 1970).
  - a. The mere fact that a parent provides a written explanation does not qualify the absence as excused. The absence must be for a legal reason as determined by the principal and/or teacher, according to law.

- 2. When it is known that a parent(s) cannot read or write, the principal or teacher may accept a verbal excuse. However, the verbal excuse shall be documented in writing as to the date of the absence, the reason and the name of the parent contacted. This documented note is to be signed by the person from the school who had contacted the parent.
- 3. In those cases where a child has an excessive number of absences verified only be a verbal communication, a home visit shall be made by the attendance officer and/or the home-school visitor to secure the "mark" of the parent on a written excuse provided by the school.
- 4. If the dominant language in a student's home is not English and the parent(s) are able to read and write in another language, they shall be required to submit a written explanation in that language, as required in Item 1 above.

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for the attendance of students which:

- Ensure a school session in conformity with requirements of the State Board,
- Govern the keeping of attendance records in accordance with rules of the State Board,
- Impose on truant students such incremental disciplinary measures as appropriate for infractions of school regulations, but no such penalty may have an irredeemably negative effect on the student's record beyond that which naturally follows absence from school activities,
- Identify the habitual truant, investigate the cause(s) of behavior, and consider modification of the educational program,
- Ensure that students who are excused absent for any reason have an opportunity to make up work they missed, and
- Issue written notice to a parent or guardian who fails to comply with the compulsory attendance statute within three days of the any proceeding brought under that statute. Such notice shall inform the parent or guardian of the date(s) on which the absence occurred, that the absence was unexcused and in violation of law, that the parent must be so notified and informed of liability under law, and that further violations during the school term will be prosecuted without notice.

Upon written request of the parent(s), the Board shall release from attendance a student participating in a religious instruction program acknowledged by the Board. Such instruction shall not require the child's absence from school for more than 36 hours per school year and its organizers must inform the Board of the child's attendance record. The Board shall not provide transportation to religious instruction.

The Board will recognize other justifiable absences for part of the school day. These will include medical or dental appointments, court appearance, or family emergency.

# Pennsylvania School Code of 1949

Student absences are generally governed under the definition and authority of Section 1329 of the Pennsylvania School Code of 1949. This section permits student absences to be considered excused in cases of illness, quarantines, recovery from an accident, required court attendance, death in the family, or any "other urgent reason" justifying a temporary absence. Absences covered under Section 1329 must be directly related to the child's inability to attend school due to reasons cited above and not merely for the convenience of the family.

Absences will generally be recognized as cumulative or noncumulative. Cumulative absences refer to days that contribute to the allotted number of days a student may be absent (10 for elementary school and 7 for middle and high school). Noncumulative absences are absences that do not contribute to the specified 7 or 10 days.

#### **Definitions of Absences**

#### **Cumulative Absences**

#### **Excused absences include:**

- A maximum of 10 days of absence for elementary students during a school year verified by a parent note. All absences beyond the tenth day of absence will require a physician's note.
- A maximum of 7 days of absence for middle school and high school students during a school year verified by a parent note. All absences beyond the seventh day of absence will require a physician's note.
- Preapproved family vacation while school is in session per School Board Policy-five days within two
  occasions.
- Preapproved college visits beyond three days.
- Any absence in which a written excuse is submitted within three school days of a student's return.

#### Unexcused/unlawful absences include:

- Any day for which a written excuse is not submitted within three school days of a student's return from an absence, including notes from physicians.
- Any absence not excused by a physician's note after 7 absences verified by parental excuses in the middle and high school and 10 absences verified by parental excuses in elementary school had already been received.
- Truancy-Unlawful absence (Age 16 and under) and Unexcused absence (Age 17 and over).

#### **Noncumulative Absences**

- Suspensions from school
- Illness verified by a physician's note submitted within three days of a student's return. Any absence in which a physician's note is submitted is not included in the 7 days permitted for parental excuses in middle and high school or the 10 days permitted for parental excuses in elementary school.
- Death in the family-from date of death until two days after the funeral unless otherwise authorized by the building principal.

- Religious holidays
- School-sponsored activities
- Preapproved college visits up to three days

# ATTENDANCE VIOLATIONS

### Late to Class, Late to School, Unexcused Class Absences

The Student Code of Conduct defines attendance violations as late to class, late to school, and unexcused class absences.

Late to class and late to school will result in an administrative discipline referral upon the third occurrence. Unexcused class absences will result in an administrative discipline referral upon the first occurrence.

When a student has committed three attendance violations of any combination of late to class, late to school, or unexcused class absences, the next violation will be considered an act of defiance.

Continued attendance violations may result in the student being classified as a habitual offender as defined in the Student Code of Conduct which may result in expulsion from the Bethlehem Area School District.

### Late to Class

- First and second unexcused late to class, to be addressed by classroom teacher intervention.
- Unexcused lateness exceeding 50% or more of one class period will be considered an unexcused absence from class and will result in a "0" (Zero) grade for the work in that class on that day.

### Late to School

- The following lates to school will not result in disciplinary action:
  - ♦ Illness and appointments verified by a physician's note
  - ♦ Court appearances
  - ♦ Funeral for family member
- First and second unexcused late to school-Warning to be issued
- Students who arrive late and do not report to homeroom or procure a late slip from the office, student service center, or vocational-technical school will be charged with an unexcused/unlawful absence which will result in a "0" (Zero) grade for all class work that day.

### **Unexcused Class Absence**

• Unlawful and unexcused absences or unexcused class absences will result in a "0" (Zero) grade for all class work missed that day.

# **TRUANCY**

- Any day for which a student is confirmed truant will result in the student being cited for a violation of Student Code of Conduct, Level III infraction #383 Truancy confirmed.
- Three unlawful absences will result in written notice of violation of the Compulsory Attendance Law and may result in prosecution pursuant to Section 1333 of the Pennsylvania School Code.
- Unlawful and unexcused absences or unexcused class absences will result in a "0" (Zero) grade
- Unexcused class absences exceeding 50% or more of any school day will result in an unexcused/unlawful absence for the day.
- In each incident the administrator will decide on an individual basis if alternative action will best meet the needs of the student, the school district, and/or the employee of the school district.

# **Educational/Vacation Tours and Trips, Grade K-12**

Requests by parents to have their children excused from school for educational/vacation trips must be evaluated under the authority of Regulations of the State Board of Education, Chapter 11, Pupil Attendance, Section 11.26, "Educational Tours and Trips, Not School Sponsored."

"Upon receipt of a written request from the parents of the pupils involved, pupils may be excused from school attendance to participate in an educational tour or trip provided during the school term at the expense of the parents when such tour or trip is so evaluated by the District Superintendent or designee and pupil participants therein are subject to direction and supervision of an adult personage acceptable to the District Superintendent or designee and to the parents of the pupils concerned."

- 1. Students at the elementary level will be permitted to take four (4) educational trips, up to a cumulative maximum of fifteen (15) school days during their tenure in elementary school. Educational trips may not exceed five (5) days per year.
- 2. Middle School students will be permitted to take two (2) educational trips, up to a cumulative maximum of (10) school days during their tenure at the middle school level. Educational trips may not exceed dive (5) days per year.
- 3. High school students will be permitted to take two (2) educational trips, up to a cumulative maximum of (10) school days during their tenure at the high school level. Educational trips may not exceed five (5) days per year.
- 4. Parental requests which go beyond the number of days or trips allowed must first be approved by the building principal and then referred to the superintendent or his designee for final permission.

- 5. Any days taken beyond the maximum of five (5) days permitted for educational trips in a given year may be considered unexcused and unlawful for students under the age of seventeen (17) and unexcused for students seventeen (17) years of age and over. Appropriate legal action may be taken where applicable.
- 6. The following will be taken into consideration by the principal in granting permission for the trip:
  - a. The student's academic standing,
  - b. The student's attendance record,
  - c. The effect the absence will have on the student's educational welfare, and
  - d. Exceptionality of the request.
- 7. The Application for Permission for Student Excusal Due to an Educational Trip or Tour must be submitted to the principal ten (10) school days prior to the trip.
- 8. It will be the student's responsibility to contact teachers and make up assignments missed.
- 9. Permission will not be granted for trips/tours during the district's standardized testing periods, the state's testing periods, and the secondary school examination periods at the end of the first and second semesters.

### BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Bethlehem, Pennsylvania Computer, Network, and Internet Use Policy Revised, November 2012 *Purpose* 

### **Statement of Objective**

The Bethlehem Area School District (BASD), in accordance with district policy, supports the use of the Internet and other technologies in the district's instructional program in order to facilitate learning and teaching through interpersonal communications, access to information, research and collaboration. The use of the BASD technologies shall be consistent with and enhance the curriculum adopted by the school district and consider the varied instructional needs, learning styles, abilities and developmental levels of students.

### **Authority**

### **Organizational Responsibility and Privacy**

The BASD establishes that use of the district technology is a privilege, not a right. Inappropriate, unauthorized and/or illegal use may result in cancellation of this privilege and appropriate disciplinary action.[1][2][3][4]

The electronic information available to students and staff does not imply endorsement of the content by the school district, nor does the district guarantee the accuracy of information received from the Internet.

The district shall not be responsible for any information that may be lost, damaged or unavailable when using BASD technology resources. Backup of such materials shall be the responsibility of the person creating/using them.

The school district shall not be responsible for any unauthorized charges or fees resulting from access to the Internet.

The BASD shall not be responsible for any damages incurred by downloading viruses and/or similar invasive technologies from the Internet.

The level of access that employees have to school computers, network and Internet services is based upon specific employee job requirements and needs.

BASD attempts to maintain the confidentiality of student records. All users must comply with the Federal Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).[5]

The BASD requires students and staff to sign, manually or electronically, an acknowledgement that they received and read this policy. Users will be provided with copies of any and all amendments and revisions of this policy upon receipt of approval by the BASD Board of Education.

The BASD shall make every effort to ensure that students and staff use this educational resource responsibly.

As required by the Children's Internet Protection Act (CIPA) and the Neighborhood Protection Act, the BASD has installed filtering software to restrict and monitor the use of the Internet, e-mail, newsgroups, FTP and chat. The filtering software is designed to block or filter Internet access to pictures that are obscene, pornographic, or harmful to minors. However, no filtering software is 100 percent effective. BASD reserves the right to disable the filtering software to facilitate specific educational purposes from time to time. Requests to block or unblock a site should be referred to the building Technology Integration Specialist. [6][7][8]

Students and staff have the responsibility to respect and protect the rights of every user in the district and on the Internet. BASD believes that it is important to educate students about appropriate online behavior, including cyber bullying awareness and appropriate interaction with other individuals on social networking sites and in chat rooms, and has taken steps to incorporate this information in the appropriate curriculum areas. In addition, all BASD staff and students are responsible for reading and following this policy.

Users should understand that there is a distinct lack of confidentiality on the Internet. BASD policy indicates the e-mail system is for business use only and prohibits any business unrelated to district matters. The policy does recognize that employees may use their e-mail for incidental personal use, but that they can expect no privacy. The policy defines incidental personal use as occasional, infrequent personal use that does not impact an employee's duties, does not impact network resources and does not impede educational operations.

Users of the BASD technologies should not have an expectation of privacy in the materials that are created, sent or received by them on BASD systems. To the extent allowed by laws and regulations, BASD authorized personnel may examine all material stored on BASD systems without prior notice.

Messages that are created, sent or received using the BASD e-mail system are the property of the BASD. The BASD reserves the right to access and disclose the contents of all messages created, sent or received using the e-mail system.

Subject to local laws and regulations, the BASD may monitor any aspects of its computerized resources, including, but not limited to, monitoring sites visited by users on the Internet, monitoring chat groups and newsgroups, reviewing material downloaded or uploaded to the Internet by a BASD user, reviewing e-mail sent and received by BASD users and monitoring file server space utilization by district users.

# **Delegation of Responsibility**

# **Personnel Responsibilities**

BASD personnel are expected to be familiar with the school district's policies and rules concerning student computer and Internet use and to enforce them. It is the responsibility of BASD personnel to directly supervise students and monitor computers in the use of the Internet and other BASD technologies. All BASD personnel who utilize school technology for instructional purposes with students have a professional responsibility to help students develop the skills necessary to identify information sources appropriate to their age and developmental levels and to evaluate the information needed to meet their educational goals. Students are not permitted to utilize computers for non-academic purposes and students are not permitted to use the Internet without direct adult supervision. When, in the course of their duties, personnel become aware of student violations, they are expected to stop the activity immediately and inform their building principal or immediate supervisor.

### **GUIDELINES**

### ACCEPTABLE USE

#### Network

System security is protected through the use of district-provided passwords, which shall not be changed by users. Failure to adequately protect passwords could result in unauthorized access to personal or district files. To protect the integrity of the system, the following guidelines shall be followed:

- 1. Staff and students shall not reveal their passwords to another individual.
- 2. Users are not to use a computer that has been logged in under another user's name.
- 3. Users are required to log off of the network when finished.
- 4. Users must not attempt to obtain or modify files, passwords and data belonging to other users.
- 5. Users may not use the network in a way that disrupts the work of other users.
- 6. Users must comply with BASD network storage limitations.
- 7. Users are not permitted to store inappropriate materials on the network.
- 8. Users are required to protect and secure electronic information and data from inadvertent disclosure to unauthorized parties. If any user becomes aware of a release of school district information, data, or records, the release must be reported to the Superintendent of Schools or designee immediately.
- 9. Students may not install or use unauthorized games, applications, files or other electronic media.
- 10. Vendors who require access to systems for maintenance and updates are required to abide by this policy. Vendors are required to obtain authorization from the BASD Director of Information Technologies before access is granted to systems.

### **Internet Access**

In making decisions regarding student access to the Internet, BASD considers its own educational mission, goals and objectives. Electronic information research skills are now fundamental to the preparation of future citizens and employees. BASD expects that faculty will blend educationally purposeful use of the Internet throughout the curriculum and provide guidance and instruction to students in its proper usage. Students and staff are expected to act in a responsible, ethical and legal manner in accordance with district policy and federal and state law. In addition, all users are required to abide by the terms of our Internet Service Provider's (ISP) Acceptable Use Policy. The contract with our ISP requires compliance with their policy.

Specifically, the following uses of BASD technology resources are prohibited:

- 1. Using the network for commercial or for profit purposes.
- 2. Using the network for product advertisement or political lobbying.
- 3. Unauthorized or illegal downloading, installation, distribution, reproduction or use of copyrighted materials from the Internet.
- 4. Accessing, uploading, downloading or distributing pornographic, obscene, or sexually explicit material.
- 5. Participating in online discussions, blogs and chat room discussions that are not related to the educational mission of the district.
- 6. Using the network to conduct illegal activities, including but not limited to gambling, cyber bullying, promoting illegal drug use, making terroristic threats or harassment.
- 7. Using the network in violation of any local, state or federal statute.
- 8. Loading, downloading or using unauthorized games, programs, files or other electronic media, such as music files.
- 9. Violating the privacy and security of electronic information.
- 10. Students may not bypass or attempt to bypass Internet filtering software using anonymizers or proxy servers that mask the content the user is accessing or attempting to access.
- 11. Disabling or circumventing system security (e.g., virus protection, anti-spam software).
- 12. Students may not use their own personal computers or other devices to connect to the district's network or Internet services.
- 13. Unauthorized disclosure of students' personal information in e-mail, blogs, instant messages, chat rooms or other Internet communication devices. This includes, but is not limited to full names, addresses, phone numbers, school and activities.

### **Email**

BASD expects all users of the district's electronic mail system to follow these policies:

- 1. Correspond with the understanding that district e-mail is not guaranteed to be private.
- 2. Do not use district e-mail to send chain letters, jokes, advertisements, items to buy or sell, and other items not related to school business.

- 3. Users are expected to be polite and professional in the e-mail messages they create and send. E-mail messages should never be abusive to others
- 4. Users are expected to use appropriate language. Inappropriate language, swearing and vulgar comments are prohibited.
- 5. E-mail should be used primarily for academic, job-related correspondences, but incidental personal use is permitted.
- 6. Group e-mail lists are to be used only for communications directly relating to district professional responsibilities.
- 7. Never impersonate another user, send mail anonymously, or use a pseudonym.
- 8. Do not open e-mail messages or attachments of unknown origin
- 9. All users should check e-mail frequently and remove messages from the server as soon as possible.
- 10. E-mail messages sent to the district-wide mailing lists must be district-related in content and approved by the Superintendent.
- 11. When e-mail is used to discuss student issues that fall in the domain of HIPAA, FERPA, or other legal privacy rights, the student's name is not to be used. Instead, the first and last initials of the student are to be used.

# Social Networking Media

Social networking media, for the purposes of this policy, refers to any works of user-created video, audio, text or multimedia that are published and/or shared electronically. Some examples of social networking media include blogs, social networking sites (Facebook, MySpace), video hosting sites (YouTube), instant messaging, text messaging, electronic video/photo sharing on personal devices, etc.

Recognizing the benefits collaboration brings to education, Bethlehem Area School District may provide users with access to web sites or tools that allow communication, collaboration, sharing, and messaging among users for the purposes of teaching and learning.

The use of personal (not professional) social networking accounts for communication with students is prohibited. If a teacher or other faculty or staff member wishes to use electronic means to communicate directly with students for educational purposes (homework/project reminders or assistance, school-sponsored event reminders, etc.), s/he may utilize an appropriate professional medium, such as professional (not personal) Facebook/Twitter accounts, direct e-mails from the faculty member's BASD appointed e-mail address, and/or postings from an educational tool such as Moodle or Edmodo. Use of such electronic media shall be restricted to appropriate professional uses only. Faculty and/or staff members may not engage in personal and/or inappropriate communication with students.

Users are expected to communicate with the same appropriate, safe, mindful, courteous conduct online as offline. Posts, chats, sharing, and messaging may be monitored. Users should be careful not to share personally-identifying information with others (home addresses, phone numbers, family member names, etc.).

# **Employee Use of Social Networking Media**

All communications with students must be of a professional nature. Faculty/staff members must maintain strict professional boundaries of communication with students. Faculty/Staff members are encouraged not to "friend" students in personal social networking accounts, allow students access to the employee's nonpublic personal pages, or use social networking media to enter into communications with students that are not directly related to instructional matters. BASD takes personal/professional boundary limits with students very seriously and will take disciplinary action against any faculty or staff member who violates this policy and/or who initiates or maintains inappropriate personal communications with students. The school district recommends that faculty and staff take all necessary steps to limit access to their personal social networking media accounts and prevent students from obtaining such access. Faculty/staff members are reminded that due to the nature of the technology, individuals do not have an expectation of privacy on social media sites.[2][3][4]

When using any social networking media, faculty/staff members may not:

- 1. Enter into inappropriate communications/relationships with students via any means, electronic or otherwise.
- 2. Access personal social networking media accounts during the school day or while representing the school at school-sponsored events.
- 3. Post or share information which students may access that discusses or portrays sex, nudity, alcohol, or drug use or other behaviors associated with the staff member's private life that are considered inappropriate to discuss with students.
- 4. Post or share information that identifies any student
- 5. Disclose personally identifying information about coworkers or supervisors
- 6. Post or share discriminatory or defamatory information.
- 7. Post or share comments that would cause a disruption in the educational environment.
- 8. Suggest through any personal social networking context that s/he in any way represents the school district or is speaking on behalf of the school district.
- 9. Violate any school policy, including the BASD's policies on discrimination, harassment, privacy, and bullying.

# **Mobile Computing Devices**

Mobile computers (including laptops, handhelds, and tablet computers) may be provided to Bethlehem Area School District employees for professional use both on and off the school grounds in order to enhance, enrich, and facilitate teaching and learning, to perform job-related tasks, and to enhance school communications. Mobile computers are to be used for professional duties, including but not limited to curriculum enhancement, research, district communications and other educational purposes. Users are expected to abide by this policy when using mobile computing devices both on and off the school network. Users are expected to treat these devices with great care and caution and must report any loss, damage, or malfunction to IT staff immediately. Failure to do so may result in the user being held financially accountable for any damage resulting from negligence or misuse. Additional guidelines

relating to the acceptable use of mobile computing devices will be disseminated to faculty and staff members.

### Hardware and Software

In order to maintain adherence to copyright law and to increase security and reliability of systems, users are expected to utilize hardware and software in a manner that enables its ongoing usage. To this end, BASD staff and students are responsible for informing the technical support staff immediately if, at any time, the hardware and/or software does not work properly. All BASD staff and students must respect all computer equipment peripherals. No attempt should be made to store any inappropriate materials on any BASD technology equipment. Users are, under no circumstances, to attempt to repair or reconfigure district-owned technology equipment in any way.

### **Printing**

All the items in this policy apply to printers and the jobs that users send to the printers, including but not limited to, copyright, excessive use, personal use, inappropriate material and monitoring. Users can also refer to the guidelines in Policy 814 for specifics on copyright and photocopying.[9]

### **Home Use**

The policy applies to both in school and at-home use for staff and students.

To ensure that students and staff use these educational resources responsibly while at home, it is imperative that the following provisions are understood:

- 1. No one other than the district employee or student uses his/her district laptop or equipment.
- 2. District policy for behavior and communication apply when using the Internet, according to the stipulations of this policy.
- 3. Users should have no expectation of privacy while utilizing their district assigned computer at home.
- 4. In-home technology support should not be expected from BASD Technology Staff; it is the user's responsibility to report any problems with equipment immediately to the building Support Technologist
- 5. Any and all costs incurred by the BASD for repairs caused by negligent use may be the financial responsibility of the user who caused the problem. Under no circumstances should the user attempt to take district-owned technology to a service provider nor should the user attempt to repair technology equipment himself/herself.

Additionally, families should be aware that some material accessible via the Internet might contain items that are illegal, defamatory, inaccurate, or potentially offensive to some people. Also, it is possible to purchase certain goods and services via the Internet, which could result in unwanted financial obligations for which a student's parent/guardian would be liable.

# Copyright

The illegal use of copyrighted software by students and staff is prohibited. Any data uploaded to or downloaded from the network shall be subject to the guidelines put forth in the Digital Millennium Copyright Act (HR2281) and the Technology, Education and Copyright Harmonization (TEACH) Act.[9][10]

### WEB SITE GUIDELINES

Unless otherwise approved, all BASD-sponsored and maintained web sites (which includes all school, teacher or classroom web pages for educational purposes) must be hosted from district-owned and operated computer server(s) on school property and must adhere to procedures and guidelines outlined in this policy.

### Rationale

School web sites are public documents welcoming the outside world to the school and linking students and staff to outside sources of information. Guidelines are required in the construction of school web pages to ensure that information on the pages is appropriate for any Internet user to access and free from advertising or information items which may not be appropriate for students. The content of school web sites must be consistent with the educational mission, goals, strategic plan and objectives of the BASD and School Board policies. All district-sponsored and maintained web sites are property of BASD.

# **Disclaimer of Liability**

The BASD Technology Department does not warrant or guarantee access or data integrity of student or teacher-developed web content. Any and all web content created for class projects or course work should be backed up frequently using local resources.

The BASD Technology Department reserves the right to immediately stop access to or from any site which may be in violation of this policy or otherwise poses a risk to the district's network, personnel or other technology resources.

# CONSEQUENCES FOR INAPPROPRIATE USE

Violations of this policy may result in the loss of access, additional disciplinary action consistent with existing practice and policy, and/or appropriate referral to the authorities. The BASD will cooperate to the extent required with authorities in all investigations. Anyone witnessing a violation of this policy must report the violation to his or her immediate supervisor.[1][11]

Any user who violates provisions of this policy that cause damage to the network, computer equipment, electronic communications systems, or software will be held responsible for those damages. The user will also be responsible for incidental or unintended damage resulting from willful or deliberate violations of this policy.[6]

The school district will cooperate with the school district's ISP rules, local, state and federal officials to the extent legally required in investigations concerning illegal activities conducted through the school district's technology systems.



# Student Technology Usage Guide

Revised February 2013

### **PHILOSOPHY**

Bethlehem Area School District provides students with the technology tools and resources to access information around the school and around the world. Use of the electronic information resources in the district shall be to improve and support the educational process, under the guidance of the classroom teacher. Such an environment can provide students with supervised access to a world of resources while maintaining a secure environment for the flow of confidential information, the protection of computing resources, and the protection of the rights of other computer users.

BASD follows these general approaches to encourage the productive educational use of its computer and network resources:

- 1. All network users will need to learn the technical, ethical, and legal issues that arise from using a school, district, and worldwide network.
- 2. It is the student's responsibility to use technology according to the direction of their teachers, their parents and this policy. Students will be responsible for their actions in this area as specified in this policy and in the Student Code of Conduct.
- 3. It is the teacher's responsibility to provide clear guidelines, direction, and supervision for the use of technology tools with their students.



# Secondary Student Technology Usage Guide

Students, please read this document carefully. If you have any questions, please ask your teacher.

There are computers and networks in every classroom, office, and library in your school that can access not only other classrooms and schools within the district, but also the global computer network called the Internet. The Internet is a worldwide network connecting millions of computers. There are countless sources of information on the Internet, including libraries, encyclopedias, government agencies, universities, discussion groups, software, companies, as well as the millions of people who are part of this world---wide network. Bethlehem Area School District is pleased to bring this access to meet the ongoing educational needs of our staff and students. Our goal in providing this service is to promote the educational objectives of the district by facilitating resource sharing, innovation, and communication. Students will participate in teacher---supervised activities on the Internet as part of regular school curriculum.

The operation of the network relies upon the proper conduct of the students who must adhere to strict guidelines at all times. While we expect our students to be well behaved and responsible in their network activities, we provide these guidelines so that parents and students are aware of the responsibilities inherent in any network use. If a student violates any of the following provisions, his or her network access will be terminated and future access could possibly be denied. Violations of this policy may be considered Level III offenses in the *BASD Code of Conduct*. If warranted, the offense may also be referred to local, state, or federal authorities for further action.

# Acceptable Use Guidelines

Acceptable Use means that as a student you will promise to use computer resources, including the Internet, with respect and responsibility. As a student you will also promise to abide by school rules, this policy, and classroom rules that will be taught by your teachers and other school staff. You must understand that use of computer resources is designed to support your education. If the rules are broken, you may lose the privilege of using these computer resources.

**Educational Use** - You may only use school computers for educational purposes that are consistent with the objectives of the Bethlehem Area School District. Educational games assigned by your teacher are permitted, but non---educational games may not be installed or played on school computers. Sending or receiving any information is violation of any U.S., state or local regulation is prohibited. This includes, but is not limited to, copyrighted works, threatening messages, and obscene material. Use for commercial activities, commercial product advertisement or political lobbying is also prohibited.

- **Privileges -** The use of the Internet is a privilege, not a right, and inappropriate use will result in a denial of this privilege. Students will receive instruction on appropriate use of the network before receiving access. School staff may suspend or revoke a license any time such action is necessary.
- **Netiquette** You are expected to abide by the accepted rules of network etiquette. These include (but are not limited to) the following:
  - Be polite. Do not harass or bully anyone by sending annoying, threatening, or libelous messages, or any that are sexually, racially, or religiously offensive.
  - Know that electronic mail (e---mail) is not guaranteed to be private. Messages relating to or in support of illegal activities may be reported to the authorities.
  - Do not make unauthorized copies of copyrighted material.
  - Do not disrupt the network for other users.
- **Security** Security on a computer network is very important. You may not try to defeat or bypass virus protection or security settings on any district computer or network. You may not try to access unauthorized computer files or network services. You may not tamper with, delete, copy, or attempt to access the electronic files of another student or staff member.
- **Privacy -** Students should never share personal information, including full name, address, or telephone number, with anyone on the Internet. Students should never accept an invitation from someone on the Internet who tries to meet with them. If this occurs, students should inform their teachers or parents immediately.
- **Filtering** In order to provide a safe computing experience, the Internet connection at BASD is filtered as required by federal law. Students are not permitted to bypass content filters. It should be noted that no filtering software is 100% effective and it may be possible to access inappropriate material. Students who encounter inappropriate material should report it to their teacher immediately.
- **Passwords** Passwords are secret. You may not tell a password to anyone, nor may you try to find out or guess someone else's password.
- **Vandalism** Vandalism will result in cancellation of privileges. Vandalism is any attempt to harm or destroy data of another user or to harm or destroy computer hardware, software, or configuration. You or your family are responsible for any cost to restore vandalized systems to normal operation.
- **School -- specific Rules** Individual schools, grades, departments, libraries, or classrooms may have additional rules that govern student computer use. These rules are in addition to, rather than a replacement for the rules on this document.

Violation of these conditions may be considered a Level III offense in the Student Code of Conduct and will result in the loss of your network privileges.



# Elementary Student Technology Usage Guide

Students, please read this document carefully. If you have any questions, please ask your teacher.

Bethlehem Area School District provides access to computers and the Internet for educational use. As a student, I know that I am expected to follow these rules:

- 1. I will use the Internet and computers only with my teacher's permission, and for the purpose that the teacher has stated.
- 2. I will respect copyright laws. I will make sure to show where I found information, and I will not copy it without permission.
- 3. I will not enter inappropriate or hurtful language into the computer.
- 4. I will stay safe on the Internet by making sure that I never share personal information, including my full name, address, or telephone number. If anyone on the Internet tries to meet with me, I will refuse, and tell my parents or teachers immediately.
- 5. I will let my teacher know immediately if I see anything on the Internet that is inappropriate or makes me uncomfortable.
- 6. I will respect the school's computer equipment. I will be sure to take good care of the equipment I use, and I will not change any settings.
- 7. I will use my own passwords that have been given to me by my teacher. I will not use anyone else's password, and I will not tamper with anyone else's electronic files.
- 8. I will not put any CDs into the computer unless my teacher approves them.
- 9. I will not install files or music on school computers unless my teacher approves them.
- 10. I understand that I will be able to use school computers if I follow these rules. I understand that violation of any of these rules may result in the loss of access, or other disciplinary consequences determined by my teacher or my principal.

This document represents a simplified version of the Bethlehem Area School District Acceptable Use Policy and is intended to make it easier to communicate important points to elementary school students. Copies of the full version may be downloaded from the BASD Policy Manual, located at

http://www.psba.org/districts\_policies/b/53/POLBETH815.pdf

No. 218.3

SECTION: PUPILS TITLE: GANGS

ADOPTED: January 14, 2008

REVISED:

# BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

### 218.3. GANGS

1. Purpose The Board recognizes the importance of providing a safe learning and

working environment for students, employees, and visitors and that the presence of gang activity threatens the safety of the school environment.

2. Definition For purposes of this policy, a gang shall be defined as three (3) or more

individuals with a common interest, bond, or activity which are associated with criminal activities or whose purpose includes the commission of illegal acts; and who refer to themselves by a group name or designation. This definition shall also include what is commonly known as a hate

group.

3. Authority The Board prohibits gang activity on school property or at any school-

sponsored activity or during the time the student is traveling to or from

school.

4. Guidelines The following guidelines are deemed closely related to gang activity and

are prohibited:

1. Wearing, possessing, using, distribution, displaying or selling of any clothing, jewelry, emblem, badge, symbol, sign, tattoos or manner of grooming, or other item which indicates or implies membership in, or affiliation with, any gang and/or is representative of any gang.

2. Commission of any act or omission, or the use of any speech, either verbal or nonverbal (gestures, handshakes, etc.), which indicates or implies membership in or affiliation with any gang, and/or is representative of any gang.

- 3. Use of any speech, or committing any act or omission in furtherance of the interests of any gang or gang activity, including, but not limited to:
  - a. Soliciting others for membership in any gangs.
  - b. Requesting any person to pay for protection or otherwise intimidating or threatening, hazing, or harassing any person.

- c. Committing any illegal act or violation of school district policies.
- d. Inciting another person to act with physical violence upon any other person or to cause damage to property.
- e. Painting, writing or otherwise inscribing gang-related graffiti, messages, insignias or signs on school property.

# **Implementation**

A school or school district employee shall report all suspected signs of gang activity to his/her administrator. In determining whether acts are gang related, administrators are to exercise discretion and judgment based upon current circumstances in their school and surrounding neighborhood and the definition of gang set forth in this policy.

No student may engage in the above whether or not s/he is connected with a gang.

The administration shall devise a schedule of penalties for engaging in activities in violation of this policy as included in the Student Code of Conduct.

Notification of this policy shall be given to all students and employees.

Gang clothing, jewelry, emblems, badges, symbols or signs shall be identified by school administrators. District administrators shall consult with police, the district attorney, the district's office of student services or any other organization, as needed, to help them determine what is gang-related. All incidents of suspected gang-related activity shall be communicated to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

Administration shall report all incidents consistent with procedural guidelines.

References:

School Code – 24 P.S. Sec. 510

# BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

### **LOCKER SEARCH POLICY #226**

The board recognizes students' need to store books, clothing and other personal property safely in school; and the district may provide lockers or other storage space for this purpose. No locker or other assigned in school storage space may be used to store any substance or object which is prohibited, or which constitutes a threat to the health, safety or welfare of the occupants of the school building or the safety of the building itself.

By making lockers or other in-school storage space available for use by students, the district does not relinquish control over the lockers or other space, and students have no expectation of privacy in their locker or any other storage space assigned to them. Student lockers or other storage space may be searched at any time at the discretion of the district. The district may authorize or undertake such searches regardless of whether the district has reason to believe that prohibited material, or evidence of a violation of law or school policy, will be found in any particular locker.

Student lockers or other in-school storage space shall be secured against incursion by other students only by a lock or other device provided by the district, to which the district shall maintain the key and/or combination. Students may not secure lockers or any other in-school storage space with personal locks or other devices.

The district will enter or conduct searches of lockers or other in-school storage space assigned to students as follows:

- 1. The district retains the right to search by any means the student locker or other in- school storage space provided to the students for their convenience.
- 2. The district may enter any student locker or other in-school storage space to repair it or for routine sanitation inspections. The district may also enter any student locker or other in-school storage space for other administrative reasons, including to retrieve books and/or other materials when students are absent.
- 3. The district will conduct unannounced general inspections of students lockers or other inschool storage space with or without articulable suspicion. Such searches may be conducted by any means including searches conducted with the assistance of trained sniffer dogs.

The superintendent shall develop procedures for implementing this policy which require the following:

- 1. Student lockers and other in-school storage space may be searched without prior warning to the student, and without the student's presence.
- 2. Unannounced general searches shall be conducted at the direction of the superintendent.

- 3. All entry into student lockers or other in-school storage space, other than unannounced general inspections of this policy, shall be at the direction of the building principal. In the event that the principal is absent from the building or otherwise unavailable, a person temporarily in charge of the building may direct that the search be conducted.
- 4. The principal or person temporarily in charge of the building, or his or her designee, shall be present whenever a student's locker is opened by the district.
- 5. At least two representatives of the school shall be present whenever a student's locker is opened.
- 6. The principal shall be responsible for the prompt recording in writing of each locker inspection, said record shall include persons present during the search, objects found, disposition of the objects and circumstances surrounding the search.
- 7. Personal items belonging to students may be confiscated by the principal when evidence exists that the items may contain prohibited material. Due process requirements will be complied with in the confiscation of personal items.
- 8. The principal shall be responsible for the safekeeping and proper disposal of any substance, object or material found to be stored in a student's locker in violation of school policy or the existing law, which shall include prompt delivery to law enforcement authorities, where appropriate.
- 9. Materials found in locker searches may be used in disciplinary and other proceedings against the student.

# Bethlehem Area School District Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

# TRANSPORTATION POLICY

# **Bus Transportation Policy**

The transportation policy has been set forth by the Bethlehem Area School District's Board of School Directors. Elementary children who live beyond one (1) mile from their school and secondary students who live beyond two (2) miles from their school are eligible for transportation. Bus schedules may vary somewhat dependent on weather and traffic conditions.

We request parents to have their children use the bus as assigned by the Transportation Department in September. We will not make any changes unless there is a great imbalance in the number of students on one or more buses.

Students will be expected to use the same stop and bus for the school year.

Students who are eligible for bus transportation and wish to use this service *cannot* have the option of occasionally walking home instead of using the bus.

# **Bus Conduct and Safety Code**

The following conduct is to be adhered to by all students who use the Bethlehem Area School District transportation system.

- 1. Be ready to board the bus five minutes prior to pickup time and line up to enter the bus in an orderly manner.
- 2. Be careful in approaching the school bus stop.
- 3. Wait until the bus is at a complete stand still before attempting to enter.
- 4. Remain off the road at all times and behave in a safe manner while waiting for the bus.
- 5. Ride only the bus to which assigned. Board and get off at assigned bus stop.
- 6. Assist in keeping the bus safe and sanitary as possible at all times.
- 7. Practice courtesy to fellow students, assist bus driver whenever possible, particularly with small children.
- 8. Never stick hands, arms or any other part of the body out of windows or doors.
- 9. Students are to remain in their seats while the bus is in motion.
- 10. Never experiment or tamper with the bus or any of its equipment.
- 11. Be careful not to leave items such as lunches, clothing, books, etc. on the bus.
- 12. Noise on the bus must be kept at a minimum. Loud talking, or creating any disturbances are not allowed.
- 13. Roughhousing or throwing objects in or from the bus is prohibited.

- 14. State law prohibits transportation of musical instruments unless carried in a case on the knees of the student. Personal possessions may not be in the aisle.
- 15. Carrying of water pistols or other objects that can create disturbances is strictly forbidden.
- 16. Use of obscene language is not permitted.
- 17. Smoking by the students or the driver is not permitted on school buses.
- 18. Eating is not permitted on the bus.
- 19. Pets are not permitted on the bus.
- 20. Remain quiet when the bus is approaching railroad crossing and until bus has passed the railroad.
- 21. The driver is in complete charge of the bus. Students who risk the safety of others by their misbehavior may lose the privilege of riding the bus.
- 22. Obey school bus driver and in case of emergency remain on bus unless otherwise instructed by the individual in authority.
- 23. When necessary to cross road after getting off bus, cross immediately in front of bus, and look both ways to make sure that traffic is not approaching.
- 24. If a student violates any of the above rules and regulations and loses the bus privilege, the student or his or her parent will have to provide transportation to school. In such cases, the law still requires attendance at school. There will be parental arrest for nonattendance.
- 25. If a student intentionally damages seats or other parts of the bus, the student will be required to pay for replacement.

# **Disciplinary Action Sequence for Bus Misconduct**

- 1. Each bus driver will review with students the list or description of expected student behaviors and/or prohibited behaviors.
- 2. Consequences to be implemented by the bus driver may include, but are not limited to, a conference with the student and assigned seating on the bus.
- 3. Students will be referred to building administrator when, despite efforts of the driver to change the student behavior, the student refuses or neglects to follow the directions of the driver. Such noncompliance will be classified as bus misconduct.
- 4. Bus misconduct is classified as a Level II infraction by the Student Code of Conduct and will be acted upon within guidelines outlined on the Disciplinary Action Sequence Chart.
- 5. Any student misconduct while awaiting, traveling on, or departing a bus which meets the definition of a Level III or Level IV infraction will be acted upon within guidelines outlined on the Disciplinary Action Sequence Chart of the Student Code of Conduct.
- 6. Students suspended due to bus misconduct will be suspended from riding the bus. Students suspended from riding the bus are required to attend school and must assume responsibility for their own transportation to and from school at regularly scheduled times.

### **Bethlehem Area School District**

Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

### **BULLYING POLICY**

### **Purpose**

The Board is committed to providing a safe, positive learning environment for district students. The Board recognizes that bullying creates an atmosphere of fear and intimidation, detracts from the safe environment necessary for student learning, and may lead to more serious violence. Therefore, the Board prohibits bullying by district students.

### **Definitions**

**Bullying** means an intentional electronic, written, verbal or physical act or series of acts directed at another student or students, which occurs in a school setting or during any school-related/sponsored activity, that is severe, persistent or pervasive and has the effect of doing any of the following.[1]

- 1. Substantial interference with a student's education.
- 2. Creation of a threatening environment.
- 3. Substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school.

Bullying, as defined in this policy, includes cyberbullying.

**School setting** means in the school, on school grounds, in school vehicles, at a designated bus stop or at any activity sponsored, supervised or sanctioned by the school.[1]

# **Authority**

The Board prohibits all forms of bullying by district students[1]

The Board encourages students who have been bullied to promptly report such incidents to the building principal or designee.

The Board directs that complaints of bullying shall be investigated promptly, and corrective action shall be taken when allegations are verified. Confidentiality of all parties shall be maintained, consistent with the district's legal and investigative obligations. No reprisals or retaliation shall occur as a result of good faith reports of bullying.

# **Delegation of Responsibility**

Each student shall be responsible to respect the rights of others and to ensure an atmosphere free from bullying.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop administrative regulations to implement this policy.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that this policy and administrative regulations are reviewed annually with students.[1]

The Superintendent or designee, in cooperation with other appropriate administrators, shall review this policy every three (3) years and recommend necessary revisions to the Board.[1]

District administration shall annually provide the following information with the Safe School Report:[1]

- 1. Board's Bullying Policy.
- 2. Report of bullying incidents.
- 3. Information on the development and implementation of any bullying prevention, intervention or education programs.

### **Guidelines**

The Code of Student Conduct, which shall contain this policy, shall be disseminated annually to students.[1][2][3]

This policy shall be accessible in every classroom. The policy shall be posted in a prominent location within each school building and on the district website, if available.

### Education

The district may develop and implement bullying prevention and intervention programs where appropriate. Such programs shall provide district staff and students with appropriate training for effectively responding to, intervening in and reporting incidents of bullying.[1][4][6]

# **Consequences for Violations**

A student who violates this policy shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action consistent with the Code of Student Conduct, which may include:[1][3][7]

- 1. Counseling within the school.
- 2. Parental conference.
- 3. Loss of school privileges.
- 4. Transfer to another school building, classroom or school bus.
- 5. Exclusion from school-sponsored activities.
- 6. Detention.
- 7. Suspension.
- 8. Expulsion.
- 9. Counseling/Therapy outside of school.
- 10. Referral to law enforcement officials.

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# BULLYING/CYBERBULLYING GUIDE FOR PARENTS/GUARDIANS

# Tips For Parents/Guardians: What To Do If Your Child Is Being Bullied

If your child is being bullied at school, this can be a very painful experience for your child and your family. Here are some things you can do to support your child if s/he is being bullied:

- 1. Never tell your child to ignore the bullying.
- 2. Don't blame your child for the bullying. Don't assume your child did something to provoke the bullying.
- 3. Allow your child to talk about his/her bullying experiences. Write down what is shared.
- 4. Empathize with your child. Tell him/her that bullying is wrong; that it is not his/her fault; and that you are glad s/he had the courage to tell you about it.

- 5. If you disagree with how your child handled the bullying situation. Don't critize him/her. It is often very difficult for children to know how best to respond.
  - 6. Do not encourage physical retaliation.
- 7. Check your emotions. A parent's/guardian's protective instincts stir strong emotions. Although it is difficult, step back and consider the next steps carefully.
- 8. Contact a teacher, school counselor, or principal at your school immediately and share your concerns about the bullying that your child has experienced.
  - 9. Work closely with school personnel to help solve the problem.
- 10. Encourage your child to develop interests and hobbies that will help build resiliency in difficult situations like bullying.
- 11. Encourage your child to make contact with friendly students in his/her class, or help your child meet new friends outside of school.
- 12. Teach your child safety strategies, such as how to seek help from an adult.
  - 13. Make sure your child has a safe and loving home environment.
- 14. If you or your child needs additional help, seek, help from a school counselor and/or mental health professional.

# Tips For Parents/Guardians: What To Do If Your Child Bullies Others

If your child bullies other children at school, it will need to be stopped. Here are some things you can do at home to address the issue with your child:

- 1. Make it clear to your child that you take bullying seriously and that it is not okay.
- 2. Make rules within your family for your child's behavior. Praise your child for following the rules and use nonphysical and logical consequences when rules are broken. A logical consequence for bullying could be losing rights to use the phone to call friends, using e-mail to talk with friends, or other activities your child enjoys.
- 3. Spend lots of time with your child and keep close track of his/her activities. Find out who your child's friends are and how and where they spend their free time.
- 4. Build on your child's talents by encouraging him/her to get involved in positive activities, such as clubs, music lessons, or nonviolent sports.

- 5. Share your concerns with your child's teacher, counselor, and/or principal. Work together to send a clear message to your child that his/her bullying must stop.
- 6. If you and your child need more help, talk with a school counselor and/or mental health professional.

# Tips For Parents/Guardians: What To Do If Your Child Witnesses Bullying

Many children are observers or bystanders in cases of bullying at school. It is important that even students who are bystanders in a bullying situation take action to get help so the bullying stops. If your child talks to you about the bullying that s/he witnesses at school, you are encouraged to do the following:

- 1. Teach your child how to get help without getting hurt.
- 2. Encourage your child to verbally intervene, if it is safe to do so, by saying such things as: "Cool it! This isn't going to solve anything".
- 3. Tell your child not to cheer on or even quietly watch bullying. This only encourages a child who bullies, who wants to be the center of attention.
- 4. Encourage your child to tell a trusted adult about the bullying. Talking to an adult is not tattling; it is an act of courage and safety. Suggest going to an adult with a friend if that will make it easier.
  - 5. Help your child support others who tend to be bullied.
  - 6. Teach your child to include these children in activities.
- 7. Praise and reward quiet acts of courage where your child tried to do the right thing to stop bullying, even if s/he was not successful.
- 8. Work with your child to practice specific ways s/he can help stop bullying. For example, role-play with him/her what s/he could say or do to help someone who is being bullied.

# What Can Parents/Guardians Do To Prevent And Address Cyberbullying?

Adults seldom are present in the online environments frequented by children and youth.

Therefore, it is extremely important that adults pay close attention to cyberbullying and the activities of children and youth when using these new technologies.

Cyberbullying occurs when children and youth use cyber technologies, such as text messaging,

Internet sites, and cell phones, to bully others. Indirect forms of bullying like this can include spreading of false rumors, gossip, and verbal taunts or attacks. Like bullying that happens in person, cyberbullying can have serious, and sometimes legal, consequences for the ones doing the bullying.

Here are some ideas of ways to protect your child from cyberbullying or address the issue if you find your child is cyber bullying others.

# Suggestions For Parents/Guardians: Tips To Help Prevent Cyberbullying

- 1. Keep your home computer(s) in easily viewable places, such as a family room or kitchen.
  - 2. Talk regularly with your child about online activities s/he is involved in.
- 3. Talk specifically about cyberbullying and encourage your child to tell you immediately if s/he is the victim of cyberbullying, cyberstalking or other illegal or troublesome online behaviors.
- 4. Encourage your child to tell you if s/he is aware of others who may be the victims of such behavior.
- 5. Explain that cyberbullying is harmful and unacceptable behavior. Outline your expectations for responsible online behavior and make it clear that there will be consequences for inappropriate behavior.

Although adults must respect the privacy of children and youth, concerns for your child's safety may sometimes override these privacy concerns. Tell your child that you may review his/her online communications if you think there is reason for concern.

Consider installing parental control filtering software and/or tracking programs, but don't rely solely on these tools.

# Tips For Dealing With Cyberbullying That Your Child Has Experienced

Because cyberbullying can range from rude comments to lies, impersonations and threats, your responses may depend on the nature and severity of the cyberbullying. Here are some actions that you may want to take after the fact:

1. Strongly encourage your child not to respond to the cyberbullying.

- 2. Do not erase the messages or pictures; save these as evidence.
- 3. Try to identify the individual doing the cyberbullying. Even if the cyberbully is anonymous (for example, is using a fake name or someone else's identity), there may be a way to track him/her through your Internet service provider. If the cyberbullying is criminal, or if you suspect that it may be, contact the police and ask them to do the tracking.
- 4. Sending inappropriate language may violate the terms and conditions of e-mail services, Internet service providers, Web sites, and cell phone companies. Consider contacting these providers and filing a complaint. If the cyberbullying is coming through e-mail or a cell phone, it may be possible to block future contact from the individual who cyberbullied. Of course, s/he may assume a different identity and continue the bullying.
- 5. Contact your school if the cyberbullying is occurring through your school district's Internet system or during the school day. Even if the cyberbullying is occurring off campus, make your school administrators aware of the problem. They may be able to help you by being watchful for face-to-face bullying occurring in school.
- 6.Consider contacting the cyberbully's parents/guardians. These parents/guardians may be very concerned to learn that their child has been cyberbullying others, and they may effectively put a stop to the bullying. On the other hand, these parents/guardians may react very badly to your contacting them, so, proceed cautiously. If you decide to contact a cyberbully's parents/guardians, communicate with them in writing, not face-to-face. Present proof of the cyberbullying (for example, copies of an e-mail message) and ask them to make sure the cyberbullying stops.
- 7. Contact the police if cyberbullying involves acts such as threats of violence; extortion; obscene or harassing phone calls or text messages; harassment; stalking; or hate crimes; or child pornography. If you are uncertain if cyberbullying violates criminal laws, contact your local police who will advise you

http://www.olweus.org/public/bullied child.page (2/2010)

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# **COMPLAINT PROCEDURE**

A student who believes he or she has been subject to conduct that constitutes a violation of this policy is encouraged to immediately report the incident to the appropriate building administrator or any other school staff member. The administrator will assist the student in completing a "Student Complaint" in order to provide details related to the incidents.

The appropriate building administrator will conduct an investigation of the incident and determine the appropriateness of imposing consequences as outlined in the Student Code of Conduct as a result of the finding of the investigation.

The appropriate building administrator will also cooperate with police authorities in investigating the incident should the student and/or the student's parent/guardian decide to file a criminal complaint regarding the incident(s).

If it is concluded that a student has knowingly made a false complaint under this policy, the student shall be cited for "fraud" in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct.

# APPEAL PROCEDURE

If a student is not satisfied with a finding of no violation of the policy or with the corrective action recommended upon completion of the investigation by the building administrator, the student may submit a written appeal to the building Principal and/or Director of Student Services within fifteen (15) school days of the administrative decision.

The Principal and/or Director of Student Services shall review the investigation and obtain additional information as necessary to render a decision.

The Principal and/or Director of Student Services shall prepare a written response to the appeal within fifteen (15) school days.

If a student remains dissatisfied following a review by the Principal and/or Director of Student Services, additional appeals may then be filed to the Superintendent of Schools and President of the Board of School Directors who will respond to the appeal in a timely manner.